Heath City School District

Heath, Ohio



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



Heath, Ohio

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020

Prepared by:

Mr. Karl Zarins Treasurer



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Introductory Section



"Ensuring all students learn and grow is our collective responsibility."



107 Lancaster Drive, Heath, Ohio 43056 (740) 238 -7110 • www.heath.k12.oh.us

December 21, 2020

Board of Education Members and Citizens of the Heath City School District:

As the Superintendent and Treasurer of the Heath City School District (the District), we are pleased to submit to you this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) issued by the District. This CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and in conformance with standards of financial reporting established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) using guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Heath City School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

The District provides a full range of education programs and services to 1,711 students. These include elementary and secondary curriculum offerings at the general, college preparatory, and vocational levels, a broad range of co-curricular and extracurricular activities, and special education services.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The District is located within the City of Heath in Licking County, which is situated in the east-central part of the state. Heath is a community of 10,310 people. It is located approximately 6 miles north of Interstate 70, 45 miles east of Columbus and is bounded on the north by Newark, the county seat of Licking County. State Routes 79 and 13 serve as the major transportation arteries.

Similar to most of the nation, the economic activity in the City of Heath during FY 2020 is bifurcated by pre and post COVID-19 pandemic conditions. Prior to the pandemic, the area had strong economic growth and several new and expanding businesses came to the area. This activity included the addition of Nature's One new organic infant nutrition manufacturing location, Ariel Corporation adding 100,000 square feet to their manufacturing facilities, and ground breaking for speculative manufacturing buildings in the Heath-Newark-Licking Count Port Authority. AEP also completed its construction of a regional maintenance facility. However, economic activity stalled in March of 2020 as state mandated closures of businesses were put in place in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Since then economic activity has mostly recovered, but the potential for future closures puts a pall on economic outlook until a vaccine can be developed and distributed.

Long-Term Financial Planning – The District prepares a five-year forecast for use as a tool for long range planning. The five-year forecast projects local and state revenues, spending patterns within each area of the budget, and cash balances in the District's operating fund. The District uses the five-year forecast to provide a basis for making financial decisions, including the construction of the annual budget, adjustments to staffing levels, collective bargaining, and the placement of tax levies on the ballot.

The District currently maintains a solid cash balance as a result of historically responsible management of its finances. Prior to the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2020, economic conditions exhibited strong growth and strong property valuation appreciation. However, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic began to be felt in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2020. The District's General Fund receives approximately 50% of its receipts from local real estate taxes and approximately 36% from state funding. The potential impact on these revenue sources is discussed below.

Overall, local property tax collections increased by 4.0% in fiscal year 2020, or \$386,763 on a cash basis. This increase was led by new construction in public utility personal property. In calendar year 2019, Residential and Agricultural property values were approximately 52.2% of total taxable property valuations in the District; while business valuations (including public utility personal property) represented approximately 47.8% of total valuations. Property taxes are generally a function of the tax rate and property valuations, but due to Ohio tax law, real estate revenue does not increase proportionately with property valuation increases. The District benefits most from new construction and least from valuation increases on existing property. Generally, taxable property values are stable year to year with the most volatility experienced during triennial update years where the county auditor updates values for appreciation. The next such update is expected in tax year 2020 impacting collections beginning in the second half of FY 2021. Property values increased by 1.5% in calendar year 2019, impacting collections in calendar year 2020. Looking ahead, early indications are strong residential valuation appreciation and modest business valuation appreciation with limited increases from new construction. These factors are largely the result of economic "momentum" from the first three quarters of fiscal year 2020. Therefore, the economic impact of COVID-19 is likely to be limited to collection rates in fiscal year 2021.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

State funding in fiscal year 2020 decreased by \$179,353 (2.8%) on a cash basis because the State cut funding in response to the economic impact the COVID-19 pandemic had on state tax collections in late fiscal year 2020. Going forward, the state legislature effectively ended the use of its formula based funding methodology and held funding in fiscal year 2021 equal to funding in fiscal year 2020. At this time, there is no indication that funding will experience further declines due to the pandemic, but the situation is fluid.

Related to state funding, but considered "other revenue;" the District has continued its open enrollment policy allowing resident students from other school districts to attend Heath City Schools. State funding for these students is redirected to the District. In fiscal year 2020 the District allowed the number of open enrolled students to continue to expand to 295 individuals, which resulted in a funding increase of \$208,774 (13.3%). This is offset by students leaving the District to attend other districts and private charter schools, which remained stable from the prior year. The practice of accepting students from other districts continues to have a positive impact on the District's revenues.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Current:

During fiscal year 2020, the District continued to work toward both operational and educational goals.

Operationally, the District made several strides to modernize facilities, minimize financial variability, and improve its business operations.

- The residents of the Heath City Schools graciously passed a 4.0 mil permanent improvement levy in April of 2020. This is expected to address a major source of expenditure variability for the District by allowing the District to more proactively perform maintenance on its aging facilities and avoid large unexpected repairs. It also offers flexibility to the District to either maintain existing facilities or potentially reallocate a portion of these funds toward financing new facilities, should state funding become available and voters approve financing a new construction project.
- The District completed a number of capital improvement and repair projects including roof repairs at the Middle School, the addition of air conditioning at the elementary classrooms, resurfacing the High School track, and a lighting energy efficiency project at the High School. The District also began a new roofing project at the High School.
- The District also upgraded its accounting and payroll software to improve administrative efficiencies and business intelligence to manage operations. This project replaced accounting software from the 1990's using COBOL programing and main frame technology. The new system is a modern "enterprise resource planning" (ERP) software that will facilitate automation, improved internal controls, and better analysis of operations.

Each year, the District updates a five-year continuous improvement plan developed by an administrative team consisting of the Superintendent, administrators, staff members, business members and the community. Using the Decision Framework and the Ohio Improvement Process the team identifies and develops goals, objectives and strategies to help ensure all students learn and grow.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Future:

Despite the realities of operating during a pandemic, the District continues to work to improve its operations and educational opportunities for its students. Operationally, the District will continue to expand the capabilities of its new ERP software system to automate portions of the Human Resources and Fixed Asset tracking functions. Furthermore, the District will continue to prioritize and address maintenance needs of its physical assets.

Academically, the 2019-20 school year did not have complete test data due to COVID-19, so a complete state report card was not available. But the District continued to improve its graduation rate grades as well as limited literacy data. The District implemented a 1:1 technology initiative in grades 1-12. Previously, the District was 1:1 in grades 8 and 9, and had planned on a steady expansion over five years. The pandemic accelerated this plan to occur over two years, so that all students in grades 1-12 had the needed technology to learn at home if necessary. This was made possible by converting some classroom devices and purchasing a limited number of devices. We also developed a maintenance plan and a retirement plan for aged devices.

The District also implemented a remote learning option in the 2020-2021 school year for students who elected to learn from home for the 2020-21 school year. Currently the District has approximately 82% of students in person attending 5 days a week, and 18% of student learning through the remote learning academy.

During the 2020-2021 school year administrators and teachers will work to continue to increase curriculum alignment, and will use high quality assessment to inform instruction. Administrators have identified that knowledge of standards and the use of data are a focus for this school year, and will help to strengthen the academic foundation of the school system for the future. As part of this initiative, the District applied and was awarded a competitive literacy grant which will focus on literacy in grades 3-5 beginning in fiscal year 2021.

District officials are also continuing work on the following initiatives:

- Continued improvement of technological infrastructure.
- Offer various classes of summer remediation and credit recovery at no cost to students and their families.
- Strive to meet all state indicators on the district report card.
- Full implementation of Leader in Me in the elementary grades (K-5) and the LEAD program in grades 7-12.
- Continue excellent growth on the state value-added measure, which is currently a B.
- Utilize STAR Early Literacy, STAR Reading and Math Assessments for identifying students needing intervention, referral for possible gifted identification and/or progress monitoring of students.
- Utilize all available data to drive curricular decisions in the regular curriculum, intervention areas and special education.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM -- The District's accounting system is organized on a fund basis. Each fund is a separate self-balancing accounting entity. The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

INTERNAL CONTROLS -- The Treasurer of the District is responsible for establishing internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Management Team is responsible for assisting with implementation of the established internal controls. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of cost and benefit requires estimates and judgments by management.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS -- All governmental fund types are subject to annual expenditure budgets. The procedures below outline the District's budgetary procedures:

- 1. The county budget commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1. As part of this certification, the District receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about July 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year.
- 2. An annual appropriations measure is passed upon receipt of the County Auditor's final tax revenue estimates, October or November of each year for the period July 1 to June 30. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbered appropriations are reported as expenditures in the current year. The Board adopts temporary appropriations at its June Board meeting to cover expenditures until the adoption of the permanent appropriations. The appropriations measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Individual buildings and/or departments are given building budgeting funds for instructional supplies, custodial supplies, meeting and mileage expenses and equipment. Buildings and/or departments may move funds within their budgets with approval of the Superintendent and Treasurer. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and expenditures may not exceed appropriations in any fund at the fund level.

Additionally, the District maintains an encumbrance accounting system as a useful technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

OTHER INFORMATION

INDEPENDENT AUDIT -- This report includes an unmodified audit report regarding the District's financial statements. The audit was conducted by Julian & Grube, Inc. on behalf of Keith Faber, Auditor of State. The Independent Auditor's Report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

AWARDS -- The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to those governmental entities who qualify. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must prepare an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report whose contents satisfy all program standards. The report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements respective to the reporting entity. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The District received a Certificate of Achievement for the year ended June 30, 2019. We believe this, our nineteenth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, meets the high standards set by the GFOA for a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and we are submitting it to GFOA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS -- The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the diligence of the Treasurer's staff. We are also grateful for the services of Donald J. Schonhardt & Associates, Inc. for their assistance in preparing this report. We truly appreciate the contribution made by each staff member in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the patience and support of the Treasurer's Office Staff and the Board of Education, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Trevor Thomas Superintendent Karl Zarins Treasurer

Members of the Board of Education and Administration For the Fiscal Year Ended June, 30, 2020

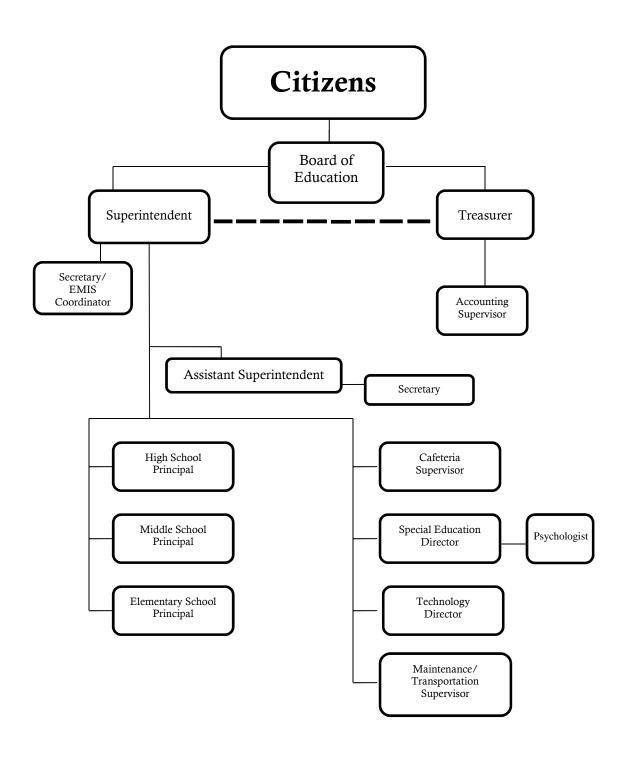
Members of the Board of Education

Name	Title	Years of Service
Ms. Debbie Kelley	President	12
Mr. Sam Smith	Vice President	8
Dr. Craig Dyer	Member	4
Dr. Melody Klontz	Member	4
Ms. Dianne Winter	Member	4

Administration

Name	Title	Years of Service	
		Position	Total
Dr. Trevor Thomas	Superintendent	7	18
Mr. Karl Zarins	Treasurer	3	18
Ms. Kelly Holbrook	Assistant Superintendent	7	22

Organizational Chart For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020



Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Heath City School District Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION





333 County Line Road, West Westerville, OH 43082 614-846-1899

jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report

Heath City School District Licking County 107 Lancaster Drive Heath, Ohio 43056

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Heath City School District, Licking County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Heath City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Heath City School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Heath City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Heath City School District, Licking County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Heath City School District Licking County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Heath City School District. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion* and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Heath City School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Heath City School District Licking County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2020, on our consideration of the Heath City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Heath City School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Heath City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, the.

December 21, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Heath City School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- ☐ In total, net position increased \$2,059,310, which represents a 52.1% decrease in the net deficit from the 2019 net deficit.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$19,882,146 in revenue or 79.4% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales and grants and contributions accounted for \$5,157,642 or 20.6% of total revenues of \$25,039,788.
- □ The District had \$22,980,478 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$5,157,642 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales and grants and contributions.
- □ Among major funds, the general fund had \$20,231,179 in revenues and \$18,728,634 in expenditures. The general fund's fund balance increased from \$9,435,907 to \$11,233,358.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements, required supplemental information, and an optional section that presents *combining statements* for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

These statements are as follows:

- 1. The Government-Wide Financial Statements These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- 2. The Fund Financial Statements These statements focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net-position (the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as the property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth and facility conditions.

The government-wide financial statements of the District reflect the following category for its activities:

• Governmental Activities – Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various student managed activity programs, various scholarship programs and other items listed as agency. It is also responsible for other assets that, due to a trust arrangement can only be used for the trust beneficiaries. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position provides a perspective of the District as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for 2020 compared to 2019:

Activities (Decrease) Assets: Current and other assets \$27,190,893 \$25,364,207 \$1,826,686 Net OPEB Asset 1,073,566 1,013,484 60,082 Capital assets, Net 11,786,279 11,088,768 697,511 Total assets 40,050,738 37,466,459 2,584,279 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 3,893,319 5,036,673 (1,143,354) OPEB 459,632 362,368 97,264 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,352,951 5,399,041 (1,046,090) Liabilities: Vet pension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Deferred inflows of resources: 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881)		Governmental Activities		Increase (Decrease)
Assets: Current and other assets \$27,190,893 \$25,364,207 \$1,826,686 Net OPEB Asset 1,073,566 1,013,484 60,082 Capital assets, Net 11,786,279 11,088,768 697,511 Total assets 40,050,738 37,466,459 2,584,279 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 3,893,319 5,036,673 (1,143,354) OPEB 459,632 362,368 97,264 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,352,951 5,399,041 (1,046,090) Liabilities: Very pension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757)				
Current and other assets \$27,190,893 \$25,364,207 \$1,826,686 Net OPEB Asset 1,073,566 1,013,484 60,082 Capital assets, Net 11,786,279 11,088,768 697,511 Total assets 40,050,738 37,466,459 2,584,279 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 3,893,319 5,036,673 (1,143,354) OPEB 459,632 362,368 97,264 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,352,951 5,399,041 (1,046,090) Liabilities: Net OPEB liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641		2020	2019	
Net OPEB Asset 1,073,566 1,013,484 60,082 Capital assets, Net 11,786,279 11,088,768 697,511 Total assets 40,050,738 37,466,459 2,584,279 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 3,893,319 5,036,673 (1,143,354) OPEB 459,632 362,368 97,264 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,352,951 5,399,041 (1,046,090) Liabilities: Net opension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 <td>Assets:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Assets:			
Capital assets, Net 11,786,279 11,088,768 697,511 Total assets 40,050,738 37,466,459 2,584,279 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 3,893,319 5,036,673 (1,143,354) OPEB 459,632 362,368 97,264 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,352,951 5,399,041 (1,046,090) Liabilities: Net pension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources	Current and other assets	\$27,190,893	\$25,364,207	\$1,826,686
Total assets 40,050,738 37,466,459 2,584,279 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension 3,893,319 5,036,673 (1,143,354) OPEB 459,632 362,368 97,264 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,352,951 5,399,041 (1,046,090) Liabilities: Net pension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position	Net OPEB Asset	1,073,566	1,013,484	60,082
Deferred outflows of resources: 3,893,319 5,036,673 (1,143,354) OPEB 459,632 362,368 97,264 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,352,951 5,399,041 (1,046,090) Liabilities: Net pension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749	Capital assets, Net	11,786,279	11,088,768	697,511
Pension 3,893,319 5,036,673 (1,143,354) OPEB 459,632 362,368 97,264 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,352,951 5,399,041 (1,046,090) Liabilities: Net pension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Re	Total assets	40,050,738	37,466,459	2,584,279
OPEB 459,632 362,368 97,264 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,352,951 5,399,041 (1,046,090) Liabilities: Net pension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508	Deferred outflows of resources:			
OPEB 459,632 362,368 97,264 Total deferred outflows of resources 4,352,951 5,399,041 (1,046,090) Liabilities: Net pension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508	Pension	3,893,319	5,036,673	(1,143,354)
Liabilities: Net pension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543	OPEB	459,632	362,368	
Net pension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543	Total deferred outflows of resources	4,352,951	5,399,041	(1,046,090)
Net pension liability 18,279,901 17,733,080 546,821 Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543				
Net OPEB liability 1,693,185 1,887,777 (194,592) Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543				
Long-term debt outstanding 10,113,563 11,027,646 (914,083) Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543		, ,	, ,	,
Other liabilities 2,490,759 2,112,248 378,511 Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total liabilities 32,577,408 32,760,751 (183,343) Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543		, ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	` ' '
Deferred inflows of resources: Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543				
Property Tax 10,871,123 11,061,004 (189,881) Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543	Total liabilities	32,577,408	32,760,751	(183,343)
Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Value Value 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543	Deferred inflows of resources:			
Refunding 201,307 230,064 (28,757) Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Value Value 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543	Property Tax	10,871,123	11,061,004	(189,881)
Pension 863,641 1,038,591 (174,950) OPEB 1,784,028 1,728,218 55,810 Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit): Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543	Refunding	201,307	230,064	
Total deferred inflows of resources 13,720,099 14,057,877 (337,778) Net position (deficit):	2	863,641	1,038,591	, , ,
Net position (deficit): 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543	OPEB	1,784,028	1,728,218	55,810
Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543	Total deferred inflows of resources	13,720,099	14,057,877	(337,778)
Net Investment in capital assets 3,646,520 2,516,261 1,130,259 Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543	Net position (deficit):			
Restricted 2,423,257 2,329,749 93,508 Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543	. ,	3,646,520	2,516,261	1,130,259
Unrestricted (7,963,595) (8,799,138) 835,543	•			
	Unrestricted			
	Total net deficit			

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$2,059,310. This increase is partly attributed to the contribution of the football turf by the District's Athletic Boosters and partly as a result of maintaining expenses below revenues. As presented in the table of Changes in Net Position, total governmental expenses of \$22,980,478 were offset by program revenues of \$5,157,642 and general revenues of \$19,882,146.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

The implementation of GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27" in fiscal year 2015 and GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in fiscal year 2018," significantly revised accounting for costs and liabilities related to pension and to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or net OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

At year-end for governmental activities, capital assets represented 29% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2020 were \$3,646,520. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities. A portion of the District's net position, \$2,423,257, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Excluding the effect of GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District has approximately \$9.2 million in unrestricted net position which may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

Changes in Net Position – The following table shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2020 and 2019:

19.	Governr	mental	Increase
	Activities		(Decrease)
	2020	2019	
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$2,684,809	\$2,491,004	\$193,805
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,635,333	1,301,886	333,447
Capital Grants and Contributions	837,500	0	837,500
Total Program Revenues	5,157,642	3,792,890	1,364,752
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	11,944,337	10,354,180	1,590,157
Grants and Entitlements	7,392,727	7,709,959	(317,232)
Other	545,082	802,998	(257,916)
Total General Revenues	19,882,146	18,867,137	1,015,009
Total Revenues	25,039,788	22,660,027	2,379,761
Program Expenses			
Instruction	13,103,894	10,521,710	2,582,184
Support Services:			
Pupils Support	1,214,501	874,557	339,944
Instructional Staff Support	846,060	706,334	139,726
Board of Education	138,228	106,787	31,441
Administration	1,730,240	1,485,126	245,114
Fiscal Services	718,154	732,416	(14,262)
Business	11,926	16,137	(4,211)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,736,633	1,933,978	(197,345)
Pupil Transportation	815,607	757,602	58,005
Central	409,538	265,375	144,163
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	911,863	923,351	(11,488)
Extracurricular Activities	995,357	849,040	146,317
Interest and Fiscal Charges	348,477	441,336	(92,859)
Total Expenses	22,980,478	19,613,749	3,366,729
Change in Net Position	2,059,310	3,046,278	(986,968)
Beginning Net Deficit	(3,953,128)	(6,999,406)	3,046,278
Ending Net Deficit	(\$1,893,818)	(\$3,953,128)	\$2,059,310

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

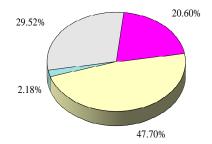
Governmental Activities

The primary sources of revenues for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. The primary sources total \$19,337,064 and represent 97% of total general revenue.

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. In general, the overall revenue generated by the levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Property taxes made up 48% of revenues for governmental activities for Heath City Schools in fiscal year 2020. The District's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the following graph:

		Percent
Revenue Sources	2020	of Total
General Grants	\$7,392,727	29.52%
Program Revenues	5,157,642	20.60%
General Tax Revenues	11,944,337	47.70%
General Other	545,082	2.18%
Total Revenue	\$25,039,788	100.00%



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13,540,093, which is higher than last year's total of \$11,751,982. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by fund type as of June 30, 2020 and 2019.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	(Decrease)
General	\$11,233,358	\$9,435,907	\$1,797,451
Bond Retirement	1,684,827	1,443,227	241,600
Other Governmental	621,908	872,848	(250,940)
Total	\$13,540,093	\$11,751,982	\$1,788,111

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

General Fund – The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund:

	2020	2019	Increase
	Revenues	Revenues	(Decrease)
Taxes	\$10,344,526	\$8,946,436	\$1,398,090
Tuition	2,047,087	1,743,264	303,823
Investment Earnings	323,518	258,422	65,096
Class Materials and Fees	77,337	65,452	11,885
Intergovernmental - State	7,243,918	7,572,859	(328,941)
All Other Revenue	194,793	503,456	(308,663)
Total	\$20,231,179	\$19,089,889	\$1,141,290

General Fund revenues in 2020 increased approximately 6.0% compared to revenues in fiscal year 2019; led by increases in tax revenues. A couple factors contributed to the increase in tax revenues in fiscal year 2020. Property taxes are assessed in arrears on a calendar year basis; however, the District operates on a fiscal year basis. Therefore, increases in taxable value in calendar year 2018 and 2019 can impact tax revenue collections in fiscal year 2020. The District recognized approximately \$148,969, or 1.7% in additional revenues from real property tax collections compared to fiscal year 2019. Real Property values increased 0.3% in calendar year 2018 and 0.7% in calendar year 2019. Public Utility Personal Property (PUPP) tax collections increased by \$237,793, or 27.9% compared to fiscal year 2019. PUPP values increased 47.7% in calendar year 2018 and 13.2% in calendar year 2019 resulting in a 27.9% increase in General Fund PUPP tax collections in fiscal year 2020. The remaining increase is attributable to tax advances that are available and fluctuate on an annual basis. Fiscal year 2019 tax revenues were lower as a result of lower tax advances being available in 2019. The increase in tuition is primarily due to a 13.3% increase in the number of students enrolled under the open enrollment program. Investment earnings increased due to larger cash holdings than the prior year and a larger portion of cash holdings were held in higher interest bearing accounts.

The increase in tax revenues and tuition is offset by a decrease in the Intergovernmental – State revenues. In May 2020 the State of Ohio Governor ordered the Ohio Department of Education to reduce state foundation funding before the end of fiscal year 2020. The District's reduction for fiscal year 2020 was \$303,298 compared to originally anticipated fiscal year 2020 funding or \$\$274,683 compared to fiscal year 2019. In addition to this reduction the District had a reduction in the reimbursement for loss of tangible personal property tax revenues provided from the Ohio Department of Taxation of \$25,710 and a reduction in the reimbursement of Medicaid eligible expenditures of \$31,971. The tangible personal property tax reimbursement is completely phased out after fiscal year 2020, except for the portion of the reimbursement related to the District's emergency operating levy.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

	2020 Expenditures	2019 Expenditures	Increase (Decrease)
Instruction	\$11,177,894	\$10,728,823	\$449,071
Supporting Services:			
Pupils Support	778,249	808,546	(30,297)
Instructional Staff Support	707,007	640,078	66,929
Board of Education	138,228	106,787	31,441
Administration	1,501,501	1,479,478	22,023
Fiscal Services	634,393	669,479	(35,086)
Business	11,926	16,137	(4,211)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,522,193	1,830,963	(308,770)
Pupil Transportation	727,512	700,882	26,630
Central	372,434	292,435	79,999
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	1,062	2,145	(1,083)
Extracurricular Activities	600,917	542,791	58,126
Capital Outlay	495,108	725,296	(230,188)
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	55,378	77,351	(21,973)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,832	8,384	(3,552)
Total	\$18,728,634	\$18,629,575	\$99,059

The expenditures increased by \$99,059 or 0.5% compared to the prior year. Instruction services increased 4.2% from the prior year, accounting for the majority of the increase in expenditures from fiscal year 2019. The majority of these increases are explained by an increase in negotiated salaries and the District added three special education teachers in fiscal year 2020. Finally, tuition expenses increased from the prior year to compensate other school districts for educating resident students attending their schools requiring special education services. In addition, an increased number of students attended private community schools.

Instructional staff support costs increased 10.5% from the prior year. The majority of this increase is due to the addition of two educational aides.

Increases were offset by decreases in Maintenance and Capital Outlay expenditures. Maintenance costs decreased 16.9% from the prior year. Utility costs declined 27.6% or \$139,573 from the prior year. Outsourced repair costs declined 14.3% or \$45,225 from the prior year. Finally, supply costs declined 58.3% or \$93,388 from the prior year. These declines in expenditures are partially explained by the final months of the school year being completed remotely, rather than with in person instruction due to COVID-19 stay at home orders in Ohio.

Capital Outlay costs decreased 31.7% compared to the prior year. Several large capital improvement projects were started in fiscal year 2019 and completed over the summer of 2019 including a roof section replacement at the Middle School, resurfacing the track surface, and air conditioning both elementary schools. Comparatively, there were less capital improvement projects in fiscal year 2020.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

Bond Retirement Fund – The fund balance increased 16.7% from fiscal year 2019 due to tax advances that are available and fluctuate on an annual basis. Fiscal year 2019 tax revenues were lower as a result of lower tax advances being available in 2019.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2020 the District amended its General Fund budget several times. Final budget amounts were approximately \$900,000 lower than original budget amounts. Actual expenditures (excluding other financing uses), were 7.1% lower than originally budgeted expenditures and 2.7% lower than the final budgeted expenditures. Final budget amounts and actual expenditures were lower than anticipated in part because the COVID-19 pandemic closed operations in March 2020 resulting in some salary cost savings and deferred capital improvement projects.

Excluding other financing sources, revenues were 0.1% higher than originally budgeted and 0.04% higher than the final budget. Deviations from the original budget are explained by a lower property tax delinquency rate than anticipated, lower state funding than expected, and a higher open enrollment student population than originally anticipated. The General Fund budget actual revenue increased approximately \$8,386 compared to the final budget estimates. The increase was a result of higher investment earnings than anticipated.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2020, the District had \$11,786,279 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. The following table shows fiscal year 2020 and 2019 balances:

Governn	Increase		
Activi	(Decrease)		
2020	2019		
\$438,952	\$438,952	\$0	
3,102,709	2,161,359	941,350	
23,085,263	22,447,153	638,110	
1,632,810	1,588,057	44,753	
1,105,670	1,163,027	(57,357)	
240,381	406,830	(166,449)	
(17,819,506)	(17,116,610)	(702,896)	
\$11,786,279	\$11,088,768	\$697,511	
	Activi 2020 \$438,952 3,102,709 23,085,263 1,632,810 1,105,670 240,381 (17,819,506)	\$438,952 3,102,709 23,085,263 1,632,810 1,105,670 240,381 (17,819,506) \$438,952 2,161,359 22,447,153 1,588,057 1,163,027 240,381 406,830 (17,116,610)	

The District's capital assets increased in 2020 due to the contribution of a turf football field by the District's athletic boosters, improvements to the track and the completion of a roof replacement and airconditioning in two elementary schools. This was partially offset by depreciation. Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 9.

Debt

At June 30, 2020, the District had \$10.0 million in general obligation bonds, capital leases and compensated absences outstanding, \$1,242,578 due within one year. The following table summarizes the District's debt outstanding as of June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
Governmental Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$8,655,813	\$9,655,045
Capital Leases Payable	58,472	113,850
Compensated Absences	1,399,278	1,258,751
Totals	\$10,113,563	\$11,027,646

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total assessed value of real and personal property. At June 30, 2020, the District's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 12.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Unaudited

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Licking County Auditor performed its latest reappraisal of property values in calendar year 2017, impacting collections for fiscal years 2018 and 2019. The county auditor conducts their reappraisal every 6th year, with an update the third year (CY 2020). Due to the strong real estate market in central Ohio, low unemployment and growth in Licking County, property values are anticipated to appreciate or remain stable.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Karl Zarins, Treasurer, Heath City School District.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,251,051
Investments	4,676,419
Receivables:	
Taxes	11,761,874
Accounts	19,951
Intergovernmental	144,755
Interest	19,461
Inventory	21,078
Prepaid Items	296,304
Restricted Assets:	
Net OPEB Asset	1,073,566
Capital Assets:	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	679,333
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	11,106,946
Total Capital Assets, Net	11,786,279
Total Assets	40,050,738
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Pension	3,893,319
OPEB	459,632
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,352,951
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	550,679
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,647,045
Intergovernmental Payable	270,868
Accrued Interest Payable	22,167
Long Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,242,578
Due in More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	18,279,901
Net OPEB Liability	1,693,185
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	8,870,985
Total Liabilities	32,577,408

	Governmental Activities
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property Taxes	10,871,123
Deferred Gain on Refunding	201,307
Pension	863,641
OPEB	1,784,028
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,720,099
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,646,520
Restricted For:	
Capital Projects	531,613
Debt Service	1,682,531
Statutory Purposes	94,628
Federal and State Grant Programs	114,485
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(7,963,595)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,893,818)



Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

										et (Expense) Revenue and
										Change in
					Prog	ram Revenues			1	Net Position
				Charges for	Ope	rating Grants	Cap	oital Grants		
			S	ervices and		and		and	G	overnmental
		Expenses		Sales	Co	ontributions	Co	ntributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$	13,103,894	\$	2,145,424	\$	608,622	\$	0	\$	(10,349,848)
Support Services:										
Pupils		1,214,501		44,423		407,165		0		(762,913)
Instructional Staff		846,060		0		44,789		0		(801,271)
Board of Education		138,228		0		0		0		(138,228)
Administration		1,730,240		0		40,385		0		(1,689,855)
Fiscal Services		718,154		0		0		0		(718,154)
Business		11,926		0		0		0		(11,926)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,736,633		0		0		0		(1,736,633)
Pupil Transportation		815,607		0		7,166		0		(808,441)
Central		409,538		0		47,200		0		(362,338)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:										
Food Service Operations		911,863		371,107		480,006		0		(60,750)
Extracurricular Activities		995,357		123,855		0		837,500		(34,002)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		348,477		0		0		0		(348,477)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	22,980,478	\$	2,684,809	\$	1,635,333	\$	837,500		(17,822,836)
	Ger	neral Revenue	s							
		operty Taxes L		for:						
		General Purpose								10,333,478
		Debt Service								1,399,048
	C	Capital Outlay								211,811
	Gı	ants and Entitle	ements	not Restricted	l to Sp	ecific Programs	;			7,392,727
	In	vestment Earnin	ıgs							377,228
	M	iscellaneous								167,854
	Tot	al General Reve	nues							19,882,146
	Cha	inge in Net Posi	tion							2,059,310
	Net	Position Begins	ning o	f Year						(3,953,128)
	Net	Position End o	f Year						\$	(1,893,818)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		General	F	Bond Retirement	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								_
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,553,023	\$	1,596,357	\$	1,101,671	\$	10,251,051
Investments		4,676,419		0		0		4,676,419
Receivables:								
Taxes		9,723,343		1,250,057		788,474		11,761,874
Accounts		12,295		0		7,656		19,951
Intergovernmental		15,070		0		129,685		144,755
Interest		19,461		0		0		19,461
Interfund Loan Receivable		50,000		0		0		50,000
Inventory		0		0		21,078		21,078
Prepaid Items		232,672		0		63,632		296,304
Total Assets	\$	22,282,283	\$	2,846,414	\$	2,112,196	\$	27,240,893
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	183,028	\$	0	\$	367,651	\$	550,679
Accrued Wages and Benefits		1,502,485		0		144,560		1,647,045
Intergovernmental Payable		248,190		0		22,678		270,868
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		50,000		50,000
Total Liabilities		1,933,703		0		584,889		2,518,592
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property Taxes		8,956,658		1,141,716		772,749		10,871,123
Unavailable Revenue		158,564		19,871		132,650		311,085
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,115,222		1,161,587		905,399		11,182,208
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		232,672		0		84,710		317,382
Restricted		0		1,684,827		658,940		2,343,767
Committed		248,247		0		0		248,247
Assigned		828,644		0		0		828,644
Unassigned		9,923,795		0		(121,742)		9,802,053
Total Fund Balances		11,233,358		1,684,827		621,908		13,540,093
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	_							
and Fund Balances	\$	22,282,283	\$	2,846,414	\$	2,112,196	\$	27,240,893

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 13,540,093
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		11,786,279
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		311,085
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds: Deferred Outflows - Pension	3,893,319	
Deferred Inflows - Pension Net Pension Liability	(863,641) (18,279,901)	(15,250,223)
The net OPEB liability/asset is not due and payable nor available in the current period; therefore, the liability/asset and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds: Deferred Outflows - OPEB Deferred Inflows - OPEB	459,632 (1,784,028)	
Net OPEB Asset Net OPEB Liability	1,073,566 (1,693,185)	(1,944,015)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(7.544.252)	
General Obligation Bonds Payable Deferred Gain on Refunding (to be amortized over life of debt) Issuance Premium (to be amortized over life of debt)	(7,566,252) (201,307) (313,728)	
Interest Accretion (to be amortized as interest expense) Capital Leases Payable Compensated Absences Payable	(775,833) (58,472)	
Compensated Absences Payable Accrued Interest Payable	(1,399,278) (22,167)	(10,337,037)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (1,893,818)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General	Bond Retirement		Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	 						
Local Sources:							
Taxes	\$ 10,344,526	\$	1,400,285	\$	211,987	\$	11,956,798
Tuition	2,047,087		0		0		2,047,087
Food Services	0		0		371,107		371,107
Investment Earnings	323,518		0		48,095		371,613
Extracurricular Activities	0		0		123,855		123,855
Class Materials and Fees	77,337		0		0		77,337
Intergovernmental - State	7,243,918		234,240		347,522		7,825,680
Intergovernmental - Federal	0		0		1,097,468		1,097,468
All Other Revenue	194,793		0		38,484		233,277
Total Revenues	20,231,179		1,634,525		2,238,518		24,104,222
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction	11,177,894		0		724,431		11,902,325
Supporting Services:							
Pupils	778,249		0		335,448		1,113,697
Instructional Staff	707,007		0		50,640		757,647
Board of Education	138,228		0		0		138,228
Administration	1,501,501		0		40,249		1,541,750
Fiscal Services	634,393		21,165		3,188		658,746
Business	11,926		0		0		11,926
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,522,193		0		0		1,522,193
Pupil Transportation	727,512		0		7,166		734,678
Central	372,434		0		17,550		389,984
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:							
Food Service Operations	1,062		0		872,286		873,348
Extracurricular Activities	600,917		0		177,383		778,300
Capital Outlay	495,108		0		240,381		735,489
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	55,378		1,105,000		0		1,160,378
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,832		266,760		0		271,592
Total Expenditures	 18,728,634		1,392,925		2,468,722		22,590,281
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,502,545		241,600		(230,204)		1,513,941

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	10.100			10.100
Insurance Proceeds	18,100	0	0	18,100
Transfers In	276,806	0	0	276,806
Transfers Out	0	0	(28,559)	(28,559)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	294,906	0	(28,559)	266,347
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,797,451	241,600	(258,763)	1,780,288
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	9,435,907	1,443,227	872,848	11,751,982
Increase in Inventory	0	0	7,823	7,823
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 11,233,358	\$ 1,684,827	\$ 621,908	\$ 13,540,093

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Of Governmental Funds To the Statement Of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,780,288
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(139,989)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.	837,500
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	94,838
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.	1,484,334
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.	(2,955,344)
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net OPEB liability/asset are reported as OPEB income/(expense) in the statement of activities.	251,913
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and	
related items.	1,160,378
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,	
whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditure is reported when due.	126

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	(140,527)	
Interest Accretion	(150,586)	
Amortization of Deferred Gain on Refunding	28,757	
Amortization of Premium on Bond Issuance	44,818	
Change in Inventory	7,823	(209,715)

The internal service fund, which is used by management to charge the costs of services to individual funds, is not included in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.

(245,019)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

2,059,310

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$ 10,028,554	\$ 10,232,097	\$ 10,231,216	\$ (881)
Tuition	1,745,000	2,047,387	2,047,087	(300)
Investment Earnings	152,000	191,000	200,360	9,360
Class Material and Fees	3,300	3,350	3,437	87
Intergovernmental - State	7,820,615	7,255,119	7,253,723	(1,396)
All Other Revenues	53,180	88,276	89,792	1,516
Total Revenues	19,802,649	19,817,229	19,825,615	8,386
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	11,324,723	11,200,323	11,054,031	146,292
Support Services:	, ,	, ,	, ,	,
Pupils	866,000	831,446	781,898	49,548
Instructional Staff	652,700	710,300	680,751	29,549
Board of Education	82,100	140,100	124,978	15,122
Administration	1,598,804	1,576,183	1,507,583	68,600
Fiscal Services	695,800	666,704	647,340	19,364
Business	20,000	14,200	12,187	2,013
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,997,594	1,602,321	1,534,815	67,506
Pupil Transportation	779,401	869,247	847,351	21,896
Central	574,736	306,994	273,725	33,269
Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Services	1,600	1,600	1,062	538
Extracurricular Activities	538,100	563,047	518,937	44,110
Capital Outlay	989,600	722,350	706,648	15,702
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	55,378	55,378	55,378	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,832	4,832	4,832	0
Total Expenditures	20,181,368	19,265,025	18,751,516	513,509
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(378,719)	552,204	1,074,099	521,895

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	4 000			(4.000)
Sale of Capital Assets	1,000	1,000	0	(1,000)
Insurance Proceeds	0	18,100	18,100	0
Transfers In	0	276,908	276,908	0
Transfers Out	(95,000)	(79,500)	(2,000)	77,500
Advances In	53,000	84,000	84,000	0
Advances Out	(50,000)	(65,000)	(65,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(91,000)	235,508	312,008	76,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	(469,719)	787,712	1,386,107	598,395
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	10,192,665	10,192,665	10,192,665	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	23,304	23,304	23,304	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 9,746,250	\$ 11,003,681	\$ 11,602,076	\$ 598,395

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
O	Funds	
Operating Revenues:		
Total Operating Revenues	\$	0
Operating Expenses:		
Total Operating Expenses		0
Operating Income		0
Nonoperating Revenue:		
Investment Earnings		3,228
Total Nonoperating Revenues		3,228
Net Income before Transfers		3,228
Operating Transfers Out		(248,247)
Change in Net Position		(245,019)
Net Position Beginning of Year		245,019
Net Position End of Year	\$	0

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Other Sources	\$	832
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		832
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Transfers Out		(248,247)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities		(248,247)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Receipts of Interest		3,228
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		3,228
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(244,187)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		244,187
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year		\$0
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income		\$0
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease in Accounts Receivable		832
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	832

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

		e Purpose 'rust		
	_	al Trust Fund	1	Agency
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	961	\$	51,002
Total Assets		961		51,002
Liabilities:				
Due to Students		0		51,002
Total Liabilities		0		51,002
Net Position:				
Unrestricted		961		0
Total Net Position	\$	961	\$	0

Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose
	Trust
	Special Trust Fund
Additions:	
Total Additions	\$ 0
Deductions:	
Administrative Expenses	209
Community Gifts, Awards and Scholarships	100
Total Deductions	309
Change in Net Position	(309)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	1,270
Net Position End of Year	\$ 961

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Heath City School District, Ohio (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District is governed by a locally elected five member Board of Education (the Board) which provides educational services. The Board controls the District's instructional support facilities staffed by approximately 56 noncertified and approximately 121 certified teaching personnel and administrative employees providing education to 1,711 students.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus" in that the statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the District (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization and either the District's ability to impose its will over the organization's governing body or the possibility that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the District. There were no potential component units that met the criteria to be included in the District's reporting entity. The District participates in two jointly governed organizations. organizations are the Licking Area Computer Association (LACA), which provides computer services to school districts and the State Support Team (SST11) Region 11. The Licking County Career and Technical Education Center acts as fiscal agent for LACA and the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio is the fiscal agent for SST11. Based on the foregoing, the reporting entity of the District includes the following services: instructional (regular, special education, vocational), student guidance, extracurricular activities, food service, pupil transportation and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of its significant accounting policies.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

The following fund types are used by the District:

Governmental Funds - These are funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - This fund is used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, governmental long-term debt principal and interest.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds - The District classifies funds financed primarily from user charges for goods or services as proprietary. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The District's only internal service fund accounted for a self-insurance program which provided insurance benefits to employees. This fund was closed in fiscal year 2020 and the fund balance was transferred to the General Fund.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust that accounts for scholarship programs for students. The District's agency funds account for various student-managed activity programs and tournament money for the Ohio High School Athletic Association. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus – Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" services.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, current deferred outflows, and current liabilities, and current deferred inflows, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

Private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses reported in the financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the District is considered to be 60 days after fiscal year end. Grants and entitlements must also meet eligibility, timing and any contingency requirements. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Under the modified accrual basis, revenue considered susceptible to accrual at year end includes property taxes, tuition, grants and entitlements, student fees, and interest on investments.

Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) and amounts available as an advance on future tax settlements are recognized as revenue at year end.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the government-wide financial statements, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Revenues – **Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions** – Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds other than agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only the General Fund is required to be reported. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

1. Estimated Resources

Prior to March 15, the Board accepts by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2020.

2. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 through September 30. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 through June 30. The appropriation resolution establishes spending controls at the fund level. The appropriation resolution may be amended during the year as additional information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed the current estimated resources as certified. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year.

During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget the use of contingency funds. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The treasurer may allocate appropriations among departments within a fund. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results to the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

3. <u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u>

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

4. <u>Budgetary Basis of Accounting</u>

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance			
	General Fund		
GAAP Basis (as reported)	\$1,797,451		
Increase (Decrease):			
Accrued Revenues			
at June 30, 2020,			
received during FY 2021	(704,947)		
Accrued Revenues			
at June 30, 2019,			
received during FY 2020	605,204		
Accrued Expenditures			
at June 30, 2020,			
paid during FY 2021	1,933,703		
Accrued Expenditures			
at June 30, 2019,			
paid during FY 2020	(1,943,343)		
FY 2019 Prepaids for FY 2020	228,193		
FY 2020 Prepaids for FY 2021	(232,672)		
Perspective Difference-			
Budgeted Special Revenue Funds			
reclassified as General Fund	(13,788)		
Adjustment to Fair Value	(118,684)		
Encumbrances Outstanding	(165,010)		
Budget Basis	\$1,386,107		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

During fiscal year 2020, cash and cash equivalents included amounts in demand deposits, short-term certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is a very liquid investment and is reported as a cash equivalent in the basic financial statements.

The District pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

G. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the District reports its investments in federal securities, US Treasury Bills, and commercial paper at fair value and its nonparticipating investment contracts (certificates of deposit) at cost which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statements. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

During 2020, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value. For 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

H. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements and the governmental fund financial statements, purchased inventories held for resale are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the governmental fund financial statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Inventory (Continued)

On the governmental fund financial statements, inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000.

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities

Governmental activities capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, but they are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements.

Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Estimated historical costs for governmental activities capital asset values were initially determined by identifying historical costs where such information was available. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

2. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated excluding land and construction in progress. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives (in years)
Land Improvements	20
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	5-30
Vehicles	8

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
General Obligation Bonds Payable	Bond Retirement Fund
Compensated Absences	General Fund, Food Service Fund
Capital Leases Payable	General Fund

L. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation benefits are accrued as a liability when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Administrators and classified staff who work twelve month contracts are granted vacation leave based on length of service and position. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. Employees may earn 15 days of sick leave per year up to a maximum of 330 days. Upon retirement, employees will receive one-fourth of the accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 56.75 days for certified employees or 61 days for noncertified employees, plus one day for each year of service over ten years. Compensated absences accumulated by governmental fund type employees are retired as an expense when earned in the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported in the fund financial statements.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. The District did not have net position restricted by enabling legislation at June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted – The fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Board of Education may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Through the District's purchasing policy the Board of Education has given the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes in the general fund, which are reported as assigned fund balance.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

P. Interfund Activity

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund loan receivables/payables". Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. The effect of the transfers has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary fund statements distinguish operating transactions from nonoperating transactions. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions such as charges for services directly relating to the fund's principal services. Operating expenses generally result from claims and administrative costs. The fund statements report all other revenues and expenses as nonoperating.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Extraordinary item transactions did not occur during fiscal year 2020. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2020, the District had no extraordinary or special items.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

T. Bond Premiums, Bond Discounts, Gains/Losses on Refunding and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium and discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Any gain or loss on refunding is allocated over the life of the old debt or the new debt whichever is shorter.

On the governmental fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize issuance costs, bond premiums, and bond discounts in the current period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

U. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pensions and for OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are explained in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources are reported on the government wide statement of net position for deferred gains on refunding and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB which are explained in Notes 10 and 11, respectively. The deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. In addition, the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet report property taxes that are intended to finance future fiscal periods are reported as deferred inflows. The governmental funds balance sheet also reports deferred inflows which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable amounts, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable amounts for property taxes, investment earnings, accounts, and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

V. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 2 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For fiscal year 2020, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance."

GASB Statement No. 95 provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by extending the effective dates of certain accounting and financial reporting provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that were first effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. This statement had no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the Governmental Funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General Fund	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Items	\$232,672	\$0	\$63,632	\$296,304
Supplies Inventory	0	0	21,078	21,078
Total Nonspendable	232,672	0	84,710	317,382
Restricted:				
Food Service Operations	0	0	45,612	45,612
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	28,374	28,374
Technology Improvements	0	0	430	430
Student Wellness and Success	0	0	57,613	57,613
Safety Training	0	0	3,487	3,487
Limited English Proficiency	0	0	323	323
Debt Service Payments	0	1,684,827	0	1,684,827
Capital Improvements	0	0	523,101	523,101
Total Restricted	0	1,684,827	658,940	2,343,767
Committed:				
Employee Health Insurance	248,247	0	0	248,247
Total Committed	248,247	0	0	248,247
Assigned:				
Projected Budgetary Deficit	486,114	0	0	486,114
Assigned to Other Purposes	342,530	0	0	342,530
Total Assigned	828,644	0	0	828,644
Unassigned	9,923,795	0	(121,742)	9,802,053
Total Fund Balances	\$11,233,358	\$1,684,827	\$621,908	\$13,540,093

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government – wide statement of activities. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period:

Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	\$799,576 (939,565) (\$139,989)
Governmental revenues not reported in the funds:	
Decrease in Delinquent Tax Revenue Increase in Accounts Receivable Increase in Intergovernmental Grants Receivable Increase in Interest Earnings	(\$12,461) \$10,976 93,936 2,387 \$94,838
Amount of current year contractually required contribution	ons deferred:
Pension Contributions OPEB Contributions	\$1,440,119 44,215 \$1,484,334
Amount of bond and lease principal payments:	
Bond Principal Payment Capital Lease Payment	\$1,105,000 55,378 \$1,160,378

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash, cash equivalents and investments. The District has adopted an Investment Policy that follows Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135 and applies the prudent person standard. The prudent person standard requires the Treasurer to exercise the care, skill and experience that a prudent person would use to manage his/her personal financial affairs and to seek investments that will preserve principal while maximizing income.

Statutes require the classification of funds held by the District into three categories. Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but limited to, passbook accounts.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds which are not needed for immediate use but, which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a
 requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other
 obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have
 been met:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- Time certificates of deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one
 hundred and eighty days and two hundred seventy days, respectively, in an amount not to
 exceed forty percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. Protection of District cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. The District has no policy on custodial credit risk and is governed by Ohio Revised Code. Ohio Law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the District places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Deposits (Continued)

At year end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$9,140,800 and the bank balance was \$9,218,538. Federal depository insurance covered \$9,196,236 of the bank balance and \$22,302 was uninsured. Of the remaining uninsured bank balance, the District was exposed to custodial risk as follows:

Ralance

	Darance
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held in	
the Ohio Pooled Collateral System	\$22,302
Total Balance	\$22,302

Following Ohio statues, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$323,518. This includes \$48,069 assigned from other District funds.

B. Investments

The District's investments at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

		_	Investment Maturities (in Years)		
	Fair Value	Credit Rating	less than 1	1-3 years	3-5 years
STAR Ohio	\$1,163,314 a	AAAm ²	\$1,163,314	\$0	\$0
FFCB Notes	309,921 b	Aaa ¹ , AA+ ²	0	159,728	150,193
FHLMC Notes	255,729 c	Aaa ¹ , AA+ ²	0	200,227	55,502
US Treasury Bills	204,939	P-1 1 , A-1+ 2	204,939	0	0
Commercial Paper	489,072	P-1 ¹	489,072	0	0
Negotiable CD	3,415,658	AAA ³	598,057	2,011,657	805,944
Total Investments	\$5,838,633		\$2,455,382	\$2,371,612	\$1,011,639

¹ Moody's Investor Service

² Standard & Poor's

³ All are fully FDIC insured and therefore have an implied AAA credit rating.

^a Measured on an amortized cost basis.

^b \$150,193 in securities were called in September 2020.

^c \$200,227 in securities were called in July 2020, and \$55,502 in securities are callable in January 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

The District's investments in federal agency securities (FFCB and FHLMC), US Treasury Bills, Commercial Paper and negotiable certificates of deposit are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk – The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of settlement date. The District has no policy that limits investment purchases beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code.

Investment Credit Risk – The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of State statute for "interim" funds described previously.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in one issuer. Of the District's total investments, 20% are STAR Ohio, 5% are FFCB, 4% are FHLMC, 4% are US Treasury Bills, 8% are Commercial Paper, and 59% are Negotiable Certificates of Deposit.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no policy on custodial credit risk and is governed by Ohio Revised Code as described under Deposits.

C. Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. Certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less are treated as cash equivalents. The classification of cash and cash equivalents (deposits) for purposes of this note are based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 3.

	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Investments
Per Financial Statements	\$10,303,014	\$4,676,419
Certificates of Deposit		
(with maturities of more than 3 months)	1,100	(1,100)
STAR Ohio	(1,163,314)	1,163,314
Per GASB Statement No. 3	\$9,140,800	\$5,838,633

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien December 31, 2018, were levied after April 1, 2019 and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Licking County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent. The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 receipts were based are:

	Assessed Values 1	Assessed values for Collection in:		
	2019 Second Half	2020 First Half		
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$259,850,293	\$261,638,294		
Public Utility Personal	18,044,810	20,431,940		
Total Assessed Value	\$277,895,103	\$282,070,234		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$62.60	\$62.00		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Tax Abatement

The District incurs a reduction in property taxes through tax abatement agreements entered into by other governments with property owners that reduce the District's taxes.

As of June 30, 2020, another governmental entity provided tax abatements through the Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) program. Under the authority of Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 3735.67, the CRA program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. CRA's are areas of land in which property owners can receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. Under the CRA program, local governments petition to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment in housing is desired. Once an area is confirmed by the ODSA, local governments may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area. Property owners in the CRA can receive temporary tax abatements for renovation of existing structures and new construction in these areas. Property owners apply to the local legislative authority for approval to renovate or construct in the CRA. Upon approval and certification of completion, the amount of the abatement is deducted from the individual or entity's property tax bill.

During fiscal year 2020, the District's property tax revenues were reduced under agreements entered into by another government as follows:

Government Entering		District
Into Agreement	Tax	kes Abated
City of Heath	\$	466,347

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2020 consisted of accounts, taxes, intergovernmental and interest receivables. All receivables are expected to be collected within the next year.

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables for all funds at June 30, 2020:

	Interfund Loan	Interfund Loan
	Receivables	Payables
General Fund	\$50,000	\$0
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	0	50,000
Totals	\$50,000	\$50,000

The Interfund Loan is a short-term loan which will be paid back within the year. The primary purpose of the interfund balance is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30, 2020.

B. Interfund Transfers

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds for fiscal year 2020:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$276,806	\$0
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	0	28,559
Internal Service Fund	0	248,247
Total All Funds	\$276,806	\$276,806

Transfers were made to close funds that are no longer in use by the District. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at June 30, 2020:

Historical Cost:

	Balance at			Balance at
Class	June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2020
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$438,952	\$0	\$0	\$438,952
Construction In Progress	406,830	240,381	(406,830)	240,381
Subtotal	845,782	240,381	(406,830)	679,333
Capital Assets being depreciated:			_	
Land Improvements	2,161,359	1,019,750	(78,400)	3,102,709
Buildings and Improvements	22,447,153	638,110	0	23,085,263
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,588,057	60,065	(15,312)	1,632,810
Vehicles	1,163,027	85,600	(142,957)	1,105,670
Subtotal	27,359,596	1,803,525	(236,669)	28,926,452
Total Cost	\$28,205,378	\$2,043,906	(\$643,499)	\$29,605,785
Accumulated Depreciation:				
	Balance at			Balance at
Class	June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2020
Land Improvements	(\$1,839,393)	(\$108,475)	\$78,400	(\$1,869,468)
Buildings and Improvements	(13,154,347)	(679,544)	0	(13,833,891)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(1,232,755)	(82,352)	15,312	(1,299,795)
Vehicles	(890,115)	(69,194)	142,957	(816,352)
Total Depreciation	(\$17,116,610)	(\$939,565) *	\$236,669	(\$17,819,506)
Net Value:	\$11,088,768			\$11,786,279

* Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$467,247
Support Services:	
Pupils	21,285
Instructional Staff	21,491
Administration	44,260
Fiscal Services	2,118
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	56,858
Pupil Transportation	86,212
Central	3,418
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service	35,732
Extracurricular Activities	200,944
Total Depreciation Expense	\$939,565

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All of the District's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans.

A. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description –District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit Age 65 with 5 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. No amount was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$320,554 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount \$11,613 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description –District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 28 years of service, or 33 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the employer rate was 14% and the member rate was 14% of covered payroll. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates, and the full employer contribution was allocated to the pension fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,119,565 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount \$198,552 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

C. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

C. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,945,467	\$14,334,434	\$18,279,901
	0.0550405004	0.0540404504	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability -2020	0.06594270%	0.06481946%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability -2019	0.06748890%	0.06307086%	
Percentage Change	(0.00154620%)	0.00174860%	
•			
Pension Expense	\$719,009	\$2,236,335	\$2,955,344

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$100,048	\$116,705	\$216,753
Change of assumptions	0	1,683,856	1,683,856
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	320,554	1,119,565	1,440,119
Changes in proportionate share	53,420	499,171	552,591
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$474,022	\$3,419,297	\$3,893,319
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$0	\$62,051	\$62,051
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	50,645	700,590	751,235
Changes in proportionate share	50,355	0	50,355
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$101,000	\$762,641	\$863,641

\$1,440,119 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	<u>Total</u>
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2021	\$131,053	\$1,079,563	\$1,210,616
2022	(103,938)	298,093	194,155
2023	(3,369)	7,811	4,442
2024	28,722	151,624	180,346
Total	\$52,468	\$1,537,091	\$1,589,559

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.00 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 2.5 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (level percent of payroll)

For 2019, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disable members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2015.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$5,529,010	\$3,945,467	\$2,617,468

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2018 are presented below:

	July 1, 2019	July 1, 2018
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate	7.45 percent	7.45 percent
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

For the July 1, 2018 and July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 and July 1, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation *	Long Term Expected Rate of Return **
D (E)	20.00.0/	7.25 0/
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.
**10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$20,948,178	\$14,334,434	\$8,735,561

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

A. Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability (asset) for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability (asset) represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded OPEB liabilities within 30 years. If the OPEB amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded or surplus benefits is presented as a long-term net OPEB liability or net OPEB asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

B. Plan Description

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2020, 0.0 percent of covered payroll was contributed to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the District's surcharge obligation was \$44,215.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$44,215 for fiscal year 2020, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

C. OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

_	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$1,693,185	(\$1,073,566)	\$619,619
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) -2020	0.06732910%	0.06481946%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) -2019	0.06804590%	0.06307086%	
Percentage Change	(0.00071680%)	0.00174860%	
OPEB Expense	\$69,902	(\$321,815)	(\$251,913)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

C. OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$24,854	\$97,327	\$122,181
Changes of assumptions	123,668	22,566	146,234
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	4,065	0	4,065
Changes in proportionate share	100,096	42,841	142,937
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	44,215	0	44,215
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$296,898	\$162,734	\$459,632
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$371,980	\$54,619	\$426,599
Changes of assumptions	94,882	1,177,040	1,271,922
Changes in proportionate share	18,080	0	18,080
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	0	67,427	67,427
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$484,942	\$1,299,086	\$1,784,028

\$44,215 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2021	(\$77,836)	(\$249,400)	(\$327,236)
2022	(30,619)	(249,400)	(280,019)
2023	(29,425)	(222,376)	(251,801)
2024	(29,619)	(212,899)	(242,518)
2025	(41,428)	(207,046)	(248,474)
Thereafter	(23,332)	4,769	(18,563)
Total	(\$232,259)	(\$1,136,352)	(\$1,368,611)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage Inflation Future Salary Increases, including inflation Investment Rate of Return	3.00 percent 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent 7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.62 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	3.22 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.70 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare - Measurement Date	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare - Measurement Date	7.00 to 4.75 percent
Medicare - Prior Measurement Date	5.375 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare - Prior Measurement Date	7.25 to 4.75 percent

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13%, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.22%) and higher (4.22%) than the current discount rate (3.22%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.22%)	(3.22%)	(4.22%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$2,055,206	\$1,693,185	\$1,405,337
		Current	
	10/ D	Current	10/ T
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00% Decreasing	(7.00% Decreasing	(8.00% Decreasing
	to 3.75%)	to 4.75%)	to 5.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$1,356,584	\$1,693,185	\$2,139,773

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0%, effective July 1, 2017	0.0%, effective July 1, 2017
Blended Discount Rate of Return	7.45%	7.45%
Health Care Cost Trends	4.93% to 9.62% initial, 4.0% ultimate	(5.23)% to 8% initial, 4.0% ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

There was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation *	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on ** 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The net OPEB liability (asset) is sensitive to changes in the discount and health care cost trend rates. To illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate. Also shown is the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using a health care cost trend rate this is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$916,075)	(\$1,073,566)	(\$1,205,979)
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	in Trend Rate	Trend Rate	in Trend Rate
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$1,217,374)	(\$1,073,566)	(\$897,435)

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original amounts of the General Obligation Bonds Payable used to finance the cost of various building renovations and the cost of building a new high school and other building additions were \$993,350 and \$16,247,718. The original amount of the 2005 refunding, \$9,999,987, was used to refund the \$16,247,718 bond. The 2015 refunding of \$7,340,000 was used to partially refund the 2005 refunding. All refunded bonds have \$0 outstanding balance at June 30, 2020 because they have been called.

Detail of the changes in the bonds, capital leases payable and compensated absences of the District for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

		Balance			Balance	Due Within
		June 30, 2019	Issued	Retired	June 30, 2020	One Year
Governmental Activities:						
General Obligation Bonds Payable:						
School Improvement Bonds	6.38%	\$905,000	\$0	(\$5,000)	\$900,000	\$5,000
School Improvement Bonds-Refunding-2005	2.75-4.2%	455,047	0	(238,795)	216,252	216,252
School Improvement Bonds-Refunding-2015	2-4%	6,510,000	0	(60,000)	6,450,000	60,000
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds Payable		7,870,047	0	(303,795)	7,566,252	281,252
Premium on Refunding Bonds		358,546	0	(44,818)	313,728	0
Interest Accretion		1,426,452	150,586	(801,205)	775,833	775,833
Total General Obligation Bonds Payable		9,655,045	150,586	(1,149,818)	8,655,813	1,057,085
Capital Leases		113,850	0	(55,378)	58,472	58,472
Compensated Absences		1,258,751	324,943	(184,416)	1,399,278	127,021
Total Governmental Activities		\$11,027,646	\$475,529	(\$1,389,612)	\$10,113,563	\$1,242,578

Principal and Interest Requirements

A summary of the District's future long-term debt funding requirements, including principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2020, follows:

General O	bligation		
Bonds Payable		Capital	Leases
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
\$281,252	\$1,093,989	\$58,472	\$1,739
1,000,000	249,059	0	0
1,135,000	209,453	0	0
1,180,000	162,563	0	0
1,225,000	119,119	0	0
2,745,000	114,928	0	0
\$7,566,252	\$1,949,111	\$58,472	\$1,739
	8281,252 1,000,000 1,135,000 1,180,000 1,225,000 2,745,000	Principal Interest \$281,252 \$1,093,989 1,000,000 249,059 1,135,000 209,453 1,180,000 162,563 1,225,000 119,119 2,745,000 114,928	Bonds Payable Capital Principal Interest Principal \$281,252 \$1,093,989 \$58,472 1,000,000 249,059 0 1,135,000 209,453 0 1,180,000 162,563 0 1,225,000 119,119 0 2,745,000 114,928 0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - CAPITALIZED LEASES

The District leases several copiers under capital leases. The cost of the equipment obtained under capital leases is \$260,671, which is included in the Governmental Activities Capital Assets and the related liability is included in the Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities. At June 30, 2020, the capital leases had accumulated depreciation of \$206,479 and a net book value of \$54,192.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

Year Ending June 30,	Capital Leases
2021	\$60,211
Minimum Lease Payments	60,211
Less: Amount representing interest at the District's	
incremental borrowing rate of interest	(1,739)
Present Value of minimum lease payments	\$58,472

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to employees. During fiscal year 2020 the District contracted with Wright Specialty Insurance for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Coverage Deductible		Aggregate
	\$500/Comprehensive	_
Fleet Insurance	\$500/Collision	\$1,000,000
Buildings and Contents	\$1,000	\$52,625,617
School District Liability	\$0	\$2,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability	\$1,000	\$1,000,000
School Leaders Errors and		
Omissions	\$2,500	\$1,000,000
Excess Policy	\$0	\$3,000,000
Crime	\$500	\$500,000
Inland Marine	\$500	\$100,000
Computers	\$500	\$100,000
Cyber	\$5,000	\$1,000,000
Excess Cyber	\$0	\$1,000,000

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The District increased its aggregate excess liability policy to \$3 million and added cyber risk coverage during FY 2019. Heath CSD became a member of a cyber risk insurance pool insured by Catlin XL with the pool's liability limited to \$10 million. This pool is further insured by Indian Harbor Insurance Company and reinsured by a Lloyd's reinsurance syndicate for excess cyber coverage with a pool aggregate limit set at \$50 million for the policy period. Coverage limits reflected in the table above are limits per pool member. The excess cyber insurance pool policy is non-licensed in the State of Ohio and is not covered by the Ohio Insurance Guaranty Association in the case of insolvency.

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State, based on the rate for the GRP rather that its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Hunter Consulting Company provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The District provides health care coverage through the Ohio School Benefits Cooperative (Consortium) which administers a "fully-funded" health plan for its member school districts allowing a "pooling" of covered individuals and their claims. Muskingum Valley ESC acts as the consortium's fiscal agent and maintains the Consortium Fund. The Consortium contracts with a third party plan administrator that handles the plan's claims and other administrative services (currently Medical Mutual of Ohio). The District contracts with Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield to provide vision and dental care insurance commercial coverage.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 15 – STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set aside certain general fund revenue amounts for capital acquisition into a reserve. Reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the reserve activity (cash-basis) was as follows:

	Capital
	Acquisition
	Reserve
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$0
Current Year Additions	313,802
Qualifying Offset	(227,023)
Current Year Disbursements	(870,551)
Totals	(\$783,772)
Balance Carried Forward to FY2021	\$0

The District had qualifying disbursements and other offsets that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the Capital Acquisition Reserve; however, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years.

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Licking Area Computer Association

Licking Area Computer Association - The District is a participant in the Licking Area Computer Association (LACA) which is a computer consortium. LACA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Licking and Muskingum Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of LACA consists of thirteen members made up of the thirteen district superintendents. The District paid LACA \$144,148 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Licking County Career and Technical Education Center, Ben Streby, who serves as Treasurer, at 150 Price Road, Newark, Ohio 43055.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

B. State Support Team Region 11

The District participates in the State Support Team (SST11) Region 11, a jointly governed organization consisting of educational entities within Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison, Pickaway, and Union counties. The purpose of the SST11 is to provide support services to school districts, community schools, and chartered nonpublic schools within the region by supporting State and school initiatives and efforts to improve school effectiveness and student achievement with a specific reference to the provision of special education and related services. The SST11 is governed by an advisory council, which is the policymaking body for the educational entities within the region, who identifies regional needs and priorities for educational services and develops corresponding policies to coordinate the delivery of services. They are also charged with the responsibility of monitoring the implementation of State and regional initiatives and school improvement efforts. The Advisory Council is made up of the director of the SST11, the superintendent of each educational service center within the region, the superintendent of the region's largest and smallest school district, the director and an employee from each education technology center, one representative of a four-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Board of Regents, one representative of a two-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Association of Community Colleges, three board of education members (one each from a city, exempted village, and local school district within the region), and one business representative. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Advisory Council. Financial information can be obtained from the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio, Citygate Business Park, 2080 Citygate Drive, Columbus, OH, 43219.

NOTE 17 – CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives financial assistance from federal agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to any legal proceedings which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects as of June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 18 – OTHER COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following commitments with respect to capital improvements:

Capital Projects	Remaining Construction Commitment
High School Cafeteria Roof	\$467,444
School Bus	119,900
Vault Pit	32,355

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end were as follows:

Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	\$165,010
Other Governmental Funds	589,610
Total Governmental Funds	\$754,620

NOTE 19 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Deficits - The fund deficits at June 30, 2020 of \$54,822 in the Title VI-B Fund, \$56,632 in the Title I Fund, and \$2,454 in the Other Federal Grants Fund (special revenue funds) arose from the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis which are greater than expenditures recognized on the budgetary basis. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 20 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans are subject to increased market volatility, which could result in a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets. However, because the values of individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Seven Fiscal Years

State	Teachers	Retirement System
Dian	I Cachers	IX CHICHE BYSICH

	2014	2015	2016
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.05974744%	0.05974744%	0.06042891%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$17,311,192	\$14,532,645	\$16,700,783
District's covered payroll	\$6,661,546	\$6,196,446	\$6,143,793
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	259.87%	234.53%	271.83%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.30%	74.70%	72.10%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

	2014	2015	2016
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.052246%	0.052246%	0.06019250%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,106,902	\$2,644,140	\$3,434,642
District's covered payroll	\$1,929,429	\$1,526,782	\$1,760,425
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	161.03%	173.18%	195.10%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.52%	71.70%	69.16%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

The schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Information prior to 2014 is not available. Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2017	2018	2019	2020
0.06160468%	0.06196745%	0.06307086%	0.06481946%
\$20,620,943	\$14,720,501	\$13,867,866	\$14,334,434
\$6,625,093	\$6,743,314	\$7,242,279	\$7,571,543
311.26%	218.30%	191.48%	189.32%
66.80%	75.30%	77.30%	77.40%
2017	2018	2019	2020
0.06282560%	0.06279870%	0.06748890%	0.06594270%
\$4,598,254	\$3,752,084	\$3,865,214	\$3,945,467
\$1,951,129	\$2,087,236	\$2,127,704	\$2,227,059
235.67%	179.76%	181.66%	177.16%
62.98%	69.50%	71.36%	70.85%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's Pension Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

State	Te ache rs	Retirement	System
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Fiscal Year	2011	2012	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$926,673	\$928,456	\$866,001
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	926,673	928,456	866,001
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$7,128,254	\$7,141,969	\$6,661,546
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2011	2012	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$222,510	\$248,002	\$267,033
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	222,510	248,002	267,033
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$1,770,167	\$1,843,881	\$1,929,429
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.57%	13.45%	13.84%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$805,538	\$860,131	\$927,513	\$944,064	\$1,013,919	\$1,060,016	\$1,119,565
805,538	860,131	927,513	944,064	1,013,919	1,060,016	1,119,565
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$6,196,446	\$6,143,793	\$6,625,093	\$6,743,314	\$7,242,279	\$7,571,543	\$7,996,893
13.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$211,612	\$232,024	\$273,158	\$292,213	\$287,240	\$300,653	\$320,554
211,612	232,024	273,158	292,213	287,240	300,653	320,554
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,526,782	\$1,760,425	\$1,951,129	\$2,087,236	\$2,127,704	\$2,227,059	\$2,289,671
13.86%	13.18%	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%



Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability (Asset) Last Four Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System				
Fiscal Year	2017	2018	2019	2020
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.06160468%	0.06196745%	0.06307086%	0.06481946%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$3,294,634	\$2,417,741	(\$1,013,484)	(\$1,073,566)
District's covered payroll	\$6,625,093	\$6,743,314	\$7,242,279	\$7,571,543
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	49.73%	35.85%	(13.99%)	(14.18%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	37.30%	47.10%	176.00%	174.74%
Source: District Treasurer's Office and Sta	te Teachers Retirem	ent System		
School Employees Retirement System				
Fiscal Year	2017	2018	2019	2020
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.06302890%	0.06310650%	0.06804590%	0.06732910%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,796,557	\$1,693,613	\$1,887,777	\$1,693,185
District's covered payroll	\$1,951,129	\$2,087,236	\$2,127,704	\$2,227,059
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	92.08%	81.14%	88.72%	76.03%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	11.49%	12.46%	13.57%	15.57%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

The schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset), which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System				
	2010	2011	2012	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$68,606	\$71,283	\$71,420	\$66,615
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	68,606	71,283	71,420	66,615
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$6,860,569	\$7,128,254	\$7,141,969	\$6,661,546
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teacher	ers Retirement Sy	ystem		
School Employees Retirement System				
	2010	2011	2012	2012

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$37,171	\$47,326	\$32,543	\$28,773
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	37,171	47,326	32,543	28,773
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$1,525,207	\$1,770,167	\$1,843,881	\$1,929,429
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.44%	2.67%	1.76%	1.49%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$61,964	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
61,964	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$6,196,446	\$6,143,793	\$6,625,093	\$6,743,314	\$7,242,279	\$7,571,543	\$7,996,893
1.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$27,849	\$45,014	\$29,156	\$31,528	\$45,529	\$51,063	\$44,215
27,849	45,014	29,156	31,528	45,529	51,063	44,215
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,526,782	\$1,760,425	\$1,951,129	\$2,087,236	\$2,127,704	\$2,227,059	\$2,289,671
1.82%	2.56%	1.49%	1.51%	2.14%	2.29%	1.93%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NET PENSION LIABILITY

SERS

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal year 2020 and 2019, there were no changes to benefit terms. For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes in benefits that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

• The cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5 percent with a floor of 0 percenter beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendars 2018, 2019, and 2020.

Changes in assumptions – For fiscal year 2020, 2019, and 2018, there were no changes in assumptions.

STRS

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal year 2020 and 2019, there were no changes to benefit terms. For fiscal year 2018, the cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to 0 percent effective July 1, 2017.

Changes in assumptions – For fiscal year 2020 and 2019, there were no changes in assumptions. For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Inflation assumptions were lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- Investment return assumptions were lowered from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent.
- Total salary increases rates were lowered by decreasing merit component of the individual salary increases, as well as by 0.25 percent due to lower inflation.
- Payroll growth assumptions were lowered to 3.00 percent.
- Updated the health and disability mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016.
- Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

SERS

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal year 2020, 2019, and 2018, there were no changes to benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions – For fiscal year 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62 percent to 3.13 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70 percent to 3.22 percent.
- The medical trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - o Medicare 2019 5.375 to 4.75 percent, 2020 5.25 to 4.75 percent
 - o Pre-Medicare 2019 7.25 to 4.75 percent, 2020 7.00 to 4.75

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56 percent to 3.62 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63 percent to 3.70 percent.
- The medical trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - o Medicare 2018 5.50 to 5.00 percent, 2019 5.375 to 4.75 percent
 - o Pre-Medicare 2018 7.50 to 5.00 percent, 2019 7.25 to 4.75

For fiscal year 2018, the following was the most significant change of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The discount rate was increased from 2.98 percent to 3.63.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (Continued)

STRS

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal year 2020, the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2019, the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were scheduled to be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020, though the STRS Board voted in June 2019 to extent the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement for one year.

For fiscal year 2018, STRS has the following changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date:

- The HealthSpan HMO plans were eliminated.
- The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced to 1.9 percent per year of service from 2.1 percent.
- Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for survivors and beneficiaries who were age 65 by 2008 and either receiving a benefit or named as a beneficiary as of January 1, 2008.
- The remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be phased out over a three-year period.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (Continued)

STRS (Continued)

Changes in assumptions – For fiscal year 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The health care trend assumption rate changed from 6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate to:
 - o Medical Medicare 4.93 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Medical Pre-Medicare 5.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Prescription Drug Medicare 9.62 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 7.73 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate increased from a 4.13 percent blended discount rate to 7.45 percent.
- The health care trend assumption rate changed from 6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate to:
 - o Medical Medicare 5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Medical Pre-Medicare 6 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Prescription Drug Medicare -5.23 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - o Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB 74.
- The long-term rate of return was reduced to 7.45 percent.
- Valuation-year per capita health costs were updated.
- The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data.
- The assumed future trend rates were modified.
- Decrement rates including mortality, disability, retirement, and withdrawal were modified.
- The assumed percentage of future disabled retirees assumed to elect health coverage was decreased from 84 percent to 65 percent, and the assumed percentage of terminated vested participants assumed to elect health coverage at retirement was decreased from 47 percent to 30 percent.
- The assumed salary scale was modified.



Combining and Individual F_{UND} Statements and Schedules

 $m{T}_{HE}$ following combining statements and schedules include the Major and Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to private purpose trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Food Service Fund

To record financial transactions associated with food service operations.

Uniform School Supply Fund

To account for the purchase and sale of school supplies. Profits derived from sales must be used for school purposes or activities. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Rotary Fund

To account for operations that provide goods and services provided by the District. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Public School Support Fund

To account for specific local revenue sources, other than taxes that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, curricular and extracurricular, approved by board resolutions. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Other Grants Fund

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for state and federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at fiscal year-end.)

District Managed Student Activity Fund

To account for student activity programs which have student participation in the activity, but do not have student management of the programs. Typically this includes athletic programs, band, cheerleaders and other similar types of activities.

Management Information System Fund

To account for costs related to hardware and software development or other costs associated with the requirements of the management information system. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at fiscal year-end.)

Data Communications Fund

To account for monies received to assist the District with data connectivity for student instruction and communications.

(Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Student Wellness and Success Fund

To account for monies received to assist the District to plan and launch health and wellness services to meet the needs of student wellness initiatives.

Other State Grants Fund

To account for monies from state agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

Title VI-B Fund

To account for monies received through grants to assist in the identification of children with disabilities, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to children with disabilities at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels.

Title III Limited English Proficiency Fund

To account for federal monies for elementary and secondary school programs, including activities at the pre-school level, to meet the educational needs of children of limited English proficiency.

Title I Fund

To account for federal revenues received to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children.

IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped Fund

To account for federal grant funds to be used for the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three (3) through five (5) years. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at fiscal year-end.)

Improving Teacher Quality Fund

To account for federal monies received which are used to hire additional classroom teachers in grades 1 through 3, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

Other Federal Grants Fund

To account for monies from Federal agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Permanent Improvement Fund

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of major capital assets.

Building Fund

To account for the acquisition, construction and improvement of capital facilities as authorized by Chapter 5705 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Assets:		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	229,999	\$	871,672	\$	1,101,671	
Receivables:							
Taxes		0		788,474		788,474	
Accounts		7,656		0		7,656	
Intergovernmental		129,685		0		129,685	
Inventory		21,078		0		21,078	
Prep aid Items		58,085		5,547		63,632	
Total Assets	\$	446,503	\$	1,665,693	\$	2,112,196	
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	6,320	\$	361,331	\$	367,651	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		144,560		0		144,560	
Intergovernmental Payable		22,678		0		22,678	
Interfund Loans Payable		50,000		0		50,000	
Total Liabilities		223,558		361,331		584,889	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Property Taxes		0		772,749		772,749	
Unavailable Revenue		129,685		2,965		132,650	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		129,685		775,714		905,399	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		79,163		5,547		84,710	
Restricted		135,839		523,101		658,940	
Unassigned		(121,742)		0		(121,742)	
Total Fund Balances		93,260		528,648		621,908	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,							
and Fund Balances	\$	446,503	\$	1,665,693	\$	2,112,196	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Local Sources:	Φ 0	Φ 211.007	Ф 211 007
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 211,987	\$ 211,987
Food Services	371,107	0	371,107
Investment Earnings	1,563	46,532	48,095
Extracurricular Activities	123,855	0	123,855
Intergovernmental - State	330,316	17,206	347,522
Intergovernmental - Federal	1,097,468	0	1,097,468
All Other Revenue	38,484	0	38,484
Total Revenue	1,962,793	275,725	2,238,518
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction	489,232	235,199	724,431
Supporting Services:	227.440		225 440
Pupils	335,448	0	335,448
Instructional Staff	50,640	0	50,640
Administration	40,249	0	40,249
Fiscal Services	0	3,188	3,188
Pupil Transportation	7,166	0	7,166
Central	14,770	2,780	17,550
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	872,286	0	872,286
Extracurricular Activities	177,383	0	177,383
Capital Outlay	0	240,381	240,381
Total Expenditures	1,987,174	481,548	2,468,722
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(24,381)	(205,823)	(230,204)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers Out	(28,559)	0	(28,559)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(28,559)	0	(28,559)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(52,940)	(205,823)	(258,763)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	138,377	734,471	872,848
Increase in Inventory	7,823	0	7,823
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 93,260	\$ 528,648	\$ 621,908

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2020

	Fo	Food Service		District Managed Student Activity		Data Communication	
Assets:	_		_				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	87,793	\$	28,374	\$	3,600	
Receivables:							
Accounts		7,656		0		0	
Intergovernmental		0		0		0	
Inventory		21,078		0		0	
Prepaid Items		13,396		0		0	
Total Assets	\$	129,923	\$	28,374	\$	3,600	
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	3,170	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		44,063		0		0	
Intergovernmental Payable		5,774		0		0	
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		0	
Total Liabilities		49,837		0		3,170	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Unavailable Revenue		0		0		0	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		0		0	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		34,474		0		0	
Restricted		45,612		28,374		430	
Unassigned		0		0		0	
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		80,086		28,374		430	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	129,923	\$	28,374	\$	3,600	

	ent Wellness d Success		her State Grants	T:	itle VI-B	Limite	itle III ed English ficiency	l English		Improving Title I Teacher Quality	
\$	90,224	\$	3,487	\$	6,061	\$	323	\$	5,305	\$	0
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	0		0		68,183		0		59,129		2,373
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	4,855		32,000		2,653		0		5,181		0
\$	95,079	\$	35,487	\$	76,897	\$	323	\$	69,615	\$	2,373
\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,750	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
φ	28,690	φ	0	φ	29,621	Φ	0	φ	41,512	φ	0
	3,921		0		7,165		0		5,606		0
	0		0		25,000		0		20,000		0
	32,611		0		63,536		0		67,118		0
	0		0		68,183		0		59,129		2,373
	0		0		68,183		0		59,129		2,373
	4,855		32,000		2,653		0		5,181		0
	57,613		3,487		0		323		0		0
	0		0		(57,475)		0		(61,813)		0
	62,468		35,487		(54,822)		323		(56,632)		0
\$	95,079	\$	35,487	\$	76,897	\$	323	\$	69,615	\$	2,373

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2020

	er Federal Grants	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,832	\$	229,999	
Receivables:				
Accounts	0		7,656	
Intergovernmental	0		129,685	
Inventory	0		21,078	
Prep aid Items	 0		58,085	
Total Assets	\$ 4,832	\$	446,503	
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,400	\$	6,320	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	674		144,560	
Intergovernmental Payable	212		22,678	
Interfund Loans Payable	 5,000		50,000	
Total Liabilities	7,286		223,558	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable Revenue	0		129,685	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0		129,685	
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	0		79,163	
Restricted	0		135,839	
Unassigned	 (2,454)		(121,742)	
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	(2,454)		93,260	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,				
and Fund Balances	\$ 4,832	\$	446,503	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Fo	od Service	Othe	er Grants	N :	District I anaged Student Activity
Revenues:						
Local Sources:						
Food Services	\$	371,107	\$	0	\$	0
Investment Earnings		988		0		575
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		123,855
Class Materials and Fees		0		0		0
Intergovernmental - State		49,898		0		0
Intergovernmental - Federal		430,108		0		0
All Other Revenue		0		0		38,484
Total Revenue		852,101		0		162,914
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction		0		0		0
Supporting Services:						
Pupils		0		0		0
Instructional Staff		0		0		0
Administration		0		0		0
Pupil Transportation		0		0		0
Central		0		0		0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:						
Food Service Operations		872,286		0		0
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		177,383
Total Expenditures		872,286		0		177,383
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(20,185)		0		(14,469)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In		0		0		0
Transfers Out		0		(1,358)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		(1,358)		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(20,185)		(1,358)		(14,469)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		92,448		1,358		42,843
Increase in Inventory		7,823		0		0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	80,086	\$	0	\$	28,374

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Management Information System	Data Communication	Student Wellness and Success	Other State Grants	
Revenues:					
Local Sources:					
Food Services	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Investment Earnings	0	0	0	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0		0	0	
Class Materials and Fees	0	0	0	0	
Intergovernmental - State	0	7,200	233,218	40,000	
Intergovernmental - Federal	0	0	0	0	
All Other Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Total Revenue	0	7,200	233,218	40,000	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	0	0	0	0	
Supporting Services:					
Pupils	0	0	170,750	0	
Instructional Staff	0	0	0	5,802	
Administration	0	0	0	0	
Pupil Transportation	0	0	0	0	
Central	0	6,770	0	8,000	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:					
Food Service Operations	0	0	0	0	
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	0	
Total Expenditures	0	6,770	170,750	13,802	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	0	430	62,468	26,198	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	
Transfers Out	(5,601)	(21,600)	0	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,601)	(21,600)	0	0	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,601)	(21,170)	62,468	26,198	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	5,601	21,600	0	9,289	
Increase in Inventory	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 430	\$ 62,468	\$ 35,487	

Title VI-B		Title III Limited English Proficiency	Title I	IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped	Improving Teacher Quality	Other Federal Grants	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 371,107	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,563	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	123,855	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	330,316	
	316,271	1,049	253,637	7,166	49,987	39,250	1,097,468	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	38,484	
	316,271	1,049	253,637	7,166	49,987	39,250	1,962,793	
	203,555	1,688	272,553	0	5,916	5,520	489,232	
	128,514	0	0	0	0	36,184	335,448	
	718	0	0	0	44,120	0	50,640	
	24,477	0	15,772	0	0	0	40,249	
	0	0	0	7,166	0	0	7,166	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	14,770	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	872,286	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	177,383	
	357,264	1,688	288,325	7,166	50,036	41,704	1,987,174	
	(40,993)	(639)	(34,688)	0	(49)	(2,454)	(24,381)	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	(28,559)	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	(28,559)	
	(40,993)	(639)	(34,688)	0	(49)	(2,454)	(52,940)	
	(13,829)	962	(21,944)	0	49	0	138,377	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,823	
\$	(54,822)	\$ 323	\$ (56,632)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (2,454)	\$ 93,260	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2020

	Permanent Improvement Building		Building	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	845,228	\$	26,444	\$	871,672
Receivables:						
Taxes		788,474		0		788,474
Prepaid Items		5,547		0		5,547
Total Assets	\$	1,639,249	\$	26,444	\$	1,665,693
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	361,331	\$	0	\$	361,331
Total Liabilities		361,331		0		361,331
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Property Taxes		772,749		0		772,749
Unavailable Revenue		2,965		0		2,965
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		775,714		0		775,714
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		5,547		0		5,547
Restricted		496,657		26,444		523,101
Total Fund Balances		502,204		26,444	·	528,648
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resource	s,				_	
and Fund Balances	\$	1,639,249	\$	26,444	\$	1,665,693

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Permanent Improvement		Building		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Revenues:	•			,		
Local Sources:						
Taxes	\$	211,987	\$	0	\$	211,987
Investment Earnings		39,564		6,968		46,532
Intergovernmental - State		17,206		0		17,206
Total Revenue		268,757		6,968		275,725
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction		235,199		0		235,199
Supporting Services:						
Fiscal Services		3,188		0		3,188
Central		2,780		0		2,780
Capital Outlay		240,381		0		240,381
Total Expenditures		481,548		0		481,548
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(212,791)		6,968		(205,823)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		714,995		19,476		734,471
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	502,204	\$	26,444	\$	528,648

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Debt Service Fund – Bond Retirement Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 1,384,456	\$ 1,383,125	\$ (1,331)
Intergovernmental - State	234,274	234,240	(34)
Total Revenues	1,618,730	1,617,365	(1,365)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Support Services:			
Fiscal Services	25,000	21,165	3,835
Total Support Services	25,000	21,165	3,835
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	1,105,000	1,105,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	266,900	266,760	140
Total Debt Service	1,371,900	1,371,760	140
Total Expenditures	1,396,900	1,392,925	3,975
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	221,830	224,440	2,610
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,371,917	1,371,917	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,593,747	\$ 1,596,357	\$ 2,610

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

FOOD SERVICE FUND

	Final Budget Actual		Actual	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive (egative)	
Revenues:						
Food Services	\$	388,700	\$	380,529	\$	(8,171)
Investment Earnings		1,000		988		(12)
Intergovernmental - State		50,000		49,898		(102)
Intergovernmental - Federal		350,200		349,248		(952)
Total Revenues		789,900		780,663		(9,237)
Expenditures:						
Non-Instructional Services:						
Food Service Operations		826,232		797,848		28,384
Total Expenditures		826,232		797,848		28,384
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(36,332)		(17,185)		19,147
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		104,328		104,328		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		650		650		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	68,646	\$	87,793	\$	19,147

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

UNIFORM S CHOOL S UPPLY FUND

	Final Budget Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Class Material and Fees	\$ 74,940	\$ 73,959	\$ (981)
Total Revenues	74,940	73,959	(981)
Expenditures:			
Instructional Services	67,845	57,138	10,707
Support Services:			
Central	2,500	2,498	2
Total Expenditures	70,345	59,636	10,709
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	4,595	14,323	9,728
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	2,000	2,000	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	2,000	2,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,595	16,323	9,728
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	53,549	53,549	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 60,144	\$ 69,872	\$ 9,728

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

ROTARY FUND

			Variance with
			Final Budget
	Final Dudant	A atria 1	Positive
_	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Investment Earnings	\$ 100	\$ 45	\$ (55)
All Other Revenues	4,100	3,769	(331)
Total Revenues	4,200	3,814	(386)
Expenditures:			
Instructional Services	4,700	4,301	399
Total Expenditures	4,700	4,301	399
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(500)	(487)	13
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers Out	(102)	(102)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(102)	(102)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(602)	(589)	13
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	10,360	10,360	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 9,758	\$ 9,771	\$ 13

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

PUBLIC S CHOOL S UPPORT FUND

10226	Final Budget	Variand Final I Posi et Actual (Nega		
Revenues:				
All Other Revenues	\$ 106,152	\$ 101,997	\$ (4,155)	
Total Revenues	106,152	101,997	(4,155)	
Expenditures:				
Instructional Services	14,196	7,557	6,639	
Support Services:				
Pupils	20,000	15,929	4,071	
Instructional Staff	15,443	11,416	4,027	
Administration	2,396	1,813	583	
Central	6,751	5,742	1,009	
Extracurricular	65,145	61,486	3,659	
Total Expenditures	123,931	103,943	19,988	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(17,779)	(1,946)	15,833	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	212,974	212,974	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances	677	677	0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 195,872	\$ 211,705	\$ 15,833	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

OTHER GRANTS FUND

	Final I	Budget	Actual		Final I Pos	ce with Budget itive ative)
Revenues:						
Total Revenues	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Expenditures:						
Total Expenditures		0		0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers Out		(1,358)		(1,358)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):		(1,358)		(1,358)		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,358)		(1,358)		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,358		1,358		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

DISTRICT MANAGED STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND

	Final Budget Actual			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	· ·		<u> </u>	_		
Investment Earnings	\$	600	\$	575	\$	(25)
Extracurricular Activities		124,420		123,855		(565)
All Other Revenues		38,502		38,484		(18)
Total Revenues		163,522		162,914		(608)
Expenditures:						
Extracurricular Activities		191,075		178,128		12,947
Total Expenditures		191,075		178,128		12,947
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(27,553)		(15,214)		12,339
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		43,313		43,313		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		75		75		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	15,835	\$	28,174	\$	12,339

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM FUND

	Final Budget Actual			ctual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Total Revenues	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	
Expenditures:							
Total Expenditures		0		0		0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		0	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers Out	(5,601)		(5,601)		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(5,601)		(5,601)		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,601)		(5,601)		0	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		5,601		5,601		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

DATA COMMUNICATIONS FUND

			Variance with
			Final Budget
			Positive
	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental - State	\$ 7,200	\$ 7,200	\$ 0
Total Revenues	7,200	7,200	0
Expenditures:			
Support Services:			
Central	7,200	3,600	3,600
Total Expenditures	7,200	3,600	3,600
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	0	3,600	3,600
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers Out	(21,600)	(21,600)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(21,600)	(21,600)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(21,600)	(18,000)	3,600
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	21,600	21,600	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 3,600	\$ 3,600

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

STUDENT WELLNESS AND SUCCESS FUND

	Fina	ıl Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental - State	\$	233,306	\$	233,218	\$	(88)	
Total Revenues		233,306		233,218		(88)	
Expenditures:							
Support Services:							
Pupils		154,400		142,994		11,406	
Total Expenditures		154,400		142,994		11,406	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		78,906		90,224		11,318	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	78,906	\$	90,224	\$	11,318	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

OTHER STATE GRANTS FUND

	Fin	nal Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental - State	\$	40,000	\$ 40,000	\$	0
Total Revenues		40,000	40,000		0
Expenditures:					
Support Services:					
Instructional Staff		5,802	5,802		0
Central		40,000	40,000		0
Total Expenditures		45,802	45,802		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(5,802)	(5,802)		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		9,289	9,289		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	3,487	\$ 3,487	\$	0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

TITLE VI-B FUND

			Variance with	
			Final Budget	
			Positive (Negative)	
	Final Budget	Actual		
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$ 357,721	\$ 357,721	\$ 0	
Total Revenues	357,721	357,721	0	
Expenditures:				
Instructional Services	209,311	206,564	2,747	
Support Services:				
Pupils	129,291	128,398	893	
Instructional Staff	718	718	0	
Administration	23,055	22,708	347	
Total Expenditures	362,375	358,388	3,987	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,654)	(667)	3,987	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	25,000	25,000	0	
Advances Out	(24,000)	(24,000)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,000	1,000	0	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,654)	333	3,987	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	5,728	5,728	0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,074	\$ 6,061	\$ 3,987	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

TITLE III LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY FUND

	Fina	Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	1,559	\$	1,049	\$	(510)
Total Revenues		1,559		1,049		(510)
Expenditures:						
Instructional Services		1,688		1,688		0
Total Expenditures		1,688		1,688		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(129)		(639)		(510)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		137		137		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		825		825		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	833	\$	323	\$	(510)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

TITLE I FUND

Revenues:	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	¢ 204.201	¢ 204.201	Φ 0
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$ 304,201	\$ 304,201	\$ 0
Total Revenues	304,201	304,201	0
Expenditures:			
Instructional Services	272,029	270,946	1,083
Support Services:			
Administration	15,850	15,783	67
Total Expenditures	287,879	286,729	1,150
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	16,322	17,472	1,150
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advances In	20,000	20,000	0
Advances Out	(39,000)	(39,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	(19,000)	(19,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,678)	(1,528)	1,150
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	6,833	6,833	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 4,155	\$ 5,305	\$ 1,150

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

IDEA PRES CHOOL GRANT FOR THE HANDICAPPED FUND

Revenues:	Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	7,166	\$	7,166	\$	0
Total Revenues		7,166		7,166		0
Expenditures:						
Support Services:						
Pupil Transportation		7,166		7,166		0
Total Expenditures		7,166		7,166		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

IMPROVING TEACHER QUALITY FUND

				Final	nce with Budget
	Final Budget		 Actual		sitive gative)
Revenues:		_			
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	50,199	\$ 50,149	\$	(50)
Total Revenues		50,199	50,149		(50)
Expenditures:					
Instructional Services		5,916	5,916		0
Support Services:					
Instructional Staff		44,120	 44,120		0
Total Expenditures		50,036	50,036		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		163	113		(50)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Advances Out		(2,000)	 (2,000)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,000)	(2,000)		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,837)	(1,887)		(50)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,839	1,839		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		48	 48		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	50	\$ 0	\$	(50)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

OTHER FEDERAL GRANTS FUND

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$ 39,650	\$ 39,650	\$ 0
Total Revenues	39,650	39,650	0
Expenditures:			
Instructional Services	3,918	3,918	0
Support Services:			
Pupils	35,500	35,500	0
Total Expenditures	39,418	39,418	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	232	232	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advances In	5,000	5,000	0
Advances Out	(4,000)	(4,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	1,000	1,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,232	1,232	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,600	3,600	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 4,832	\$ 4,832	\$ 0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Local Sources:			
Taxes	\$ 210,100	\$ 209,817	\$ (283)
Investment Earnings	35,000	39,564	4,564
Intergovernmental - State	17,229	17,206	(23)
All Other Revenues	500	0	(500)
Total Revenues	262,829	266,587	3,758
Expenditures:			
Instructional Services	212,728	205,150	7,578
Support Services:			
Fiscal Services	3,500	3,188	312
Central	7,060	2,780	4,280
Capital Outlay	468,460	468,460	0
Total Expenditures	691,748	679,578	12,170
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(428,919)	(412,991)	15,928
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	661,801	661,801	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	7,008	7,008	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 239,890	\$ 255,818	\$ 15,928

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

BUILDING FUND

Revenues:	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fina Po	nce with I Budget ositive egative)
Investment Earnings	\$	6,800	\$ 6,968	\$	168
Total Revenues		6,800	 6,968		168
Expenditures:					
Total Expenditures		0	0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		6,800	6,968		168
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		19,476	19,476		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	26,276	\$ 26,444	\$	168

Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Agency Fund

Student Managed Activity Fund

To account for resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools for sales and other revenue generating activities.

Ohio High School Athletic Association (OHSAA) Tournament Fund

To account for athletic tournament monies held by the District in a custodial capacity.

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020
Student Managed Activity Fund				
Assets:			(4.45.5.40)	*** ***
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$50,959	\$62,311	(\$62,268)	\$51,002
Total Assets	\$50,959	\$62,311	(\$62,268)	\$51,002
Liabilities:				
Due to Students	\$50,959	\$62,311	(\$62,268)	\$51,002
Total Liabilities	\$50,959	\$62,311	(\$62,268)	\$51,002
OHSAA Tournament Fund				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$660	\$42,707	(\$43,367)	\$0
Total Assets	\$660	\$42,707	(\$43,367)	\$0
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$660	\$42,707	(\$43,367)	\$0
Total Liabilities	\$660	\$42,707	(\$43,367)	\$0
Totals - All Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$51,619	\$105,018	(\$105,635)	\$51,002
Total Assets	\$51,619	\$105,018	(\$105,635)	\$51,002
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$660	\$42,707	(\$43,367)	\$0
Due to Students	50,959	62,311	(62,268)	51,002
Total Liabilities	\$51,619	\$105,018	(\$105,635)	\$51,002

Statistical Section



STATISTICAL TABLES

This part of the Districts comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contonts

Contents	
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial position has changed over time.	S 2 – S 13
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, property taxes.	S 14 – S 21
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S 22 – S 29
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S 30 – S 33
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	S 34 – S 45
Sources Note:	

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental Activities:				*
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$2,630,860	\$2,239,306	\$1,569,237	\$1,007,118
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	719,231	738,118	692,224	653,740
Debt Service	1,054,061	1,128,253	1,042,315	1,038,847
Statutory Purposes	0	140,760	61,909	108,722
Federal and State Grant Programs	0	36,153	33,557	54,850
Other Purposes	1,235,344	0	0	0
Unrestricted	(1,193,673)	(1,279,996)	(2,343,361)	(20,546,771)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$4,445,823	\$3,002,594	\$1,055,881	(\$17,683,494)
Primary Government:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$2,630,860	\$2,239,306	\$1,569,237	\$1,007,118
Restricted	3,008,636	2,043,284	1,830,005	1,856,159
Unrestricted	(1,193,673)	(1,279,996)	(2,343,361)	(20,546,771)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$4,445,823	\$3,002,594	\$1,055,881	(\$17,683,494)

^{*} Restated

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$668,117	\$1,387,709	* \$1,638,635	\$2,116,344	\$2,516,261	\$3,646,520
661,314 1,063,596 81,520 46,561	560,592 1,237,784 81,982 77,319	589,014 998,467 95,543 48,913	679,363 1,395,292 56,396 35,836	737,612 1,442,042 111,260 38,835	531,613 1,682,531 94,628 114,485
(18,183,979) (\$15,662,871)	(17,112,694) (\$13,767,308)	(20,943,208) (\$17,572,636)	(11,282,637) (\$6,999,406)	(8,799,138) (\$3,953,128)	(7,963,595) (\$1,893,818)
\$668,117 1,852,991 (18,183,979) (\$15,662,871)	\$1,387,709 1,957,677 (17,112,694) (\$13,767,308)	\$1,638,635 1,731,937 (20,943,208) (\$17,572,636)	\$2,116,344 2,166,887 (11,282,637) (\$6,999,406)	\$2,516,261 2,329,749 (8,799,138) (\$3,953,128)	\$3,646,520 2,423,257 (7,963,595) (\$1,893,818)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction	\$10,300,203	\$9,989,037	\$10,304,880	\$10,096,148
Support Services:				
Pupils	935,407	805,150	632,193	621,994
Instructional Staff	384,329	344,754	318,009	264,908
Board of Education	16,901	20,516	79,588	80,043
Administration	1,452,788	1,618,593	1,468,112	1,518,459
Fiscal Services	499,038	492,224	506,287	528,591
Business	34,834	17,713	29,284	14,330
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,230,337	1,306,882	1,351,000	1,330,607
Pupil Transportation	642,930	638,839	654,334	637,015
Central	319,121	280,810	275,932	308,948
Operation of Non-Instructional Services				
Community Services	6,758	6,117	1,776	4,410
Food Service Operations	597,437	616,504	616,807	567,567
Shared Services	0	0	0	17,994
Other	0	1,900	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	688,364	574,354	601,322	593,994
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,012,984	1,024,811	1,117,528	891,757
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$18,121,431	\$17,738,204	\$17,957,052	\$17,476,765
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services				
Instruction	\$161,632	\$137,166	\$156,220	\$600,894
Support Services:				
Pupils	47,311	45,392	41,000	43,788
Operation of Non-Instructional Services				
Food Service Operations	243,667	241,808	220,566	186,257
Extracurricular Activities	115,755	87,820	102,999	134,064
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,688,192	838,086	895,828	1,026,547
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	0	0	0
Total Governmental Activities				
Program Revenues	2,256,557	1,350,272	1,416,613	1,991,550

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$10,513,018	\$11,220,535	\$11,477,367	\$5,716,009	\$10,521,710	\$13,103,894
592 500	640.770	705 624	522 576	071 557	1 214 501
583,590	640,770	705,634	522,576	874,557	1,214,501
324,069	325,261	381,955	486,743	706,334 106,787	846,060
49,101	248,574 1,748,840	329,525	63,368 1,094,581	·	138,228 1,730,240
1,523,311 578,977	466,731	1,673,351 636,550	605,510	1,485,126 732,416	718,154
20,438	28,922	13,562	17,892	16,137	11,926
20,438 1,507,678	28,922 1,909,197	1,838,229	1,598,068	1,933,978	1,736,633
592,204	643,460	654,868	628,413	757,602	815,607
451,684	347,036	403,385	240,897	265,375	409,538
431,064	347,030	403,363	240,697	203,373	409,336
1,994	4,416	0	0	0	0
596,853	653,795	727,620	724,156	923,351	911,863
54,691	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
618,078	616,176	793,082	424,403	849,040	995,357
657,894	544,983	474,616	464,897	441,336	348,477
\$18,073,580	\$19,398,696	\$20,109,744	\$12,587,513	\$19,613,749	\$22,980,478
\$948,735	\$1,037,209	\$1,219,571	\$1,484,917	\$1,823,216	\$2,145,424
60,609	55,620	60,990	51,269	83,483	44,423
152,316	198,299	235,209	264,402	437,187	371,107
124,900	130,864	148,799	134,362	147,118	123,855
1,087,236	1,123,022	1,229,537	1,185,904	1,301,886	1,635,333
0	0	0	0	0	837,500
2,373,796	2,545,014	2,894,106	3,120,854	3,792,890	5,157,642

(Continued)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014				
Net (Expense)/Revenue	(15.064.074)	(16.207.022)	(16.540.420)	(15, 405, 215)				
Governmental Activities	(15,864,874)	(16,387,932)	(16,540,439)	(15,485,215)				
Total Primary Government								
Net (Expense)/Revenue	(\$15,864,874)	(\$16,387,932)	(\$16,540,439)	(\$15,485,215)				
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position								
Governmental Activities:								
Property Taxes Levied for:								
General Purposes	\$6,934,888	\$6,981,958	\$6,623,175	\$7,854,925				
Debt Service	1,090,509	1,161,817	1,095,634	1,171,836				
Capital Outlay	196,460	172,436	177,920	186,087				
Grants and Entitlements not								
Restricted to Specific Programs	6,391,572	6,098,286	6,145,307	6,383,632				
Investment Earnings	11,449	9,489	7,825	6,886				
Miscellaneous	521,935	520,717	543,865	543,418				
Total Primary Government	\$15,146,813	\$14,944,703	\$14,593,726	\$16,146,784				
Change in Net Position								
Governmental Activities	(718,061)	(1,443,229)	(1,946,713)	661,569				
Total Primary Government								
Change in Net Position	(\$718,061)	(\$1,443,229)	(\$1,946,713)	\$661,569				

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
(15,699,784)	(16,853,682)	(17,215,638)	(9,466,659)	(15,820,859)	(17,822,836)
(\$15,699,784)	(\$16,853,682)	(\$17,215,638)	(\$9,466,659)	(\$15,820,859)	(\$17,822,836)
\$8,621,606	\$9,279,815	\$9,239,268	\$10,485,484	\$8,964,782	\$10,333,478
1,290,787	1,343,433	1,150,316	1,359,339	1,206,282	1,399,048
187,583	196,007	192,177	211,594	183,116	211,811
7,086,554	7,371,309	7,435,029	7,643,707	7,709,959	7,392,727
10,716	29,265	65,859	119,740	309,956	377,228
523,161	529,416	388,805	220,025	493,042	167,854
\$17,720,407	\$18,749,245	\$18,471,454	\$20,039,889	\$18,867,137	\$19,882,146
2,020,623	1,895,563	1,255,816	10,573,230	3,046,278	2,059,310
\$2,020,623	\$1,895,563	\$1,255,816	\$10,573,230	\$3,046,278	\$2,059,310

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$183,217	\$171,764	\$58,886	\$2,463
Restricted	1,071,779	86,144	5,881	36,428
Committed	0	0	0	0
Assigned	240,210	143,303	124,352	717,659
Unassigned	1,177,178	1,167,714	0	533,211
Total General Fund	2,672,384	1,568,925	189,119	1,289,761
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	30,011	27,854	18,872	63,584
Restricted	1,833,419	1,893,664	1,811,895	1,779,099
Unassigned	0	(21,255)	(44,961)	(27,959)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	1,863,430	1,900,263	1,785,806	1,814,724
Total Governmental Funds	\$4,535,814	\$3,469,188	\$1,974,925	\$3,104,485

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$2,073	\$27,763	\$29,944	\$0	\$228,193	\$232,672
15,30′	7 0	0	0	0	0
(0	0	0	0	248,247
187,650	261,619	175,101	531,080	682,787	828,644
2,810,84	4,221,923	6,021,754	8,355,313	8,524,927	9,923,795
3,015,873	3 4,511,305	6,226,799	8,886,393	9,435,907	11,233,358
42,889	,	33,000	49,849	74,707	84,710
1,809,50	* *	1,695,240	2,128,484	2,288,854	2,343,767
(15,97)	<u> </u>	(53,802)	(25,226)	(47,486)	(121,742)
1,836,42	1,966,389	1,674,438	2,153,107	2,316,075	2,306,735
\$4,852,294	\$6,477,694	\$7,901,237	\$11,039,500	\$11,751,982	\$13,540,093

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$8,188,824	\$8,381,872	\$8,082,155	\$9,250,713
Tuition	86,905	66,003	78,449	535,675
Food Service	243,667	241,808	220,566	186,257
Investment Earnings	11,841	9,590	7,807	6,416
Extracurricular Activities	115,755	87,820	102,999	134,064
Class Materials and Fees	72,703	64,454	76,887	64,719
Intergovernmental - State	6,375,408	6,115,330	6,048,971	6,647,676
Intergovernmental - Federal	1,736,676	836,314	920,119	879,254
All Other Revenue	571,270	572,818	585,749	583,706
Total Revenue	17,403,049	16,376,009	16,123,702	18,288,480
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	9,795,976	9,631,529	9,887,089	9,671,600
Supporting Services:				
Pupils	927,881	809,099	609,970	597,979
Instructional Staff	362,563	324,278	301,093	243,751
Board of Education	16,901	20,516	79,588	80,043
Administration	1,384,316	1,638,441	1,506,325	1,459,945
Fiscal Services	492,914	487,692	502,551	536,825
Business	34,834	17,713	29,284	14,330
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,189,989	1,222,560	1,208,877	1,253,864
Pupil Transportation	571,969	585,119	613,996	584,559
Central	311,756	278,397	274,241	308,225
Operation of Non-Instructional Services				
Community Services	6,758	6,117	1,776	4,410
Food Service Operations	560,267	583,818	583,763	531,695
Shared Services	0	0	0	17,994
Other	0	1,900	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	520,440	421,200	452,268	426,676
Capital Outlay	88,968	49,870	174,798	274,419
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	818,702	866,702	983,849	923,699
Interest and Fiscal Charges	514,971	491,780	485,280	484,775
Total Expenditures	17,599,205	17,436,731	17,694,748	17,414,789
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(196,156)	(1,060,722)	(1,571,046)	873,691

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$10,115,662	\$10,830,906	\$10,637,252	\$12,058,474	\$10,332,895	\$11,956,798
890,288	979,931	1,161,902	1,425,622	1,743,264	2,047,087
152,316	198,299	235,209	264,402	437,187	371,107
9,938	28,683	62,562	112,336	301,643	371,613
124,900	130,864	148,799	134,362	147,118	123,855
57,449	56,246	57,169	59,295	65,452	77,337
7,194,372	7,435,863	7,556,848	7,754,127	7,840,232	7,825,680
982,893	1,040,547	1,037,083	1,134,337	1,175,567	1,097,468
584,368	585,668	450,295	261,294	591,025	233,277
20,112,186	21,287,007	21,347,119	23,204,249	22,634,383	24,104,222
10,227,343	10,839,935	10,872,530	11,090,703	11,414,377	11,902,325
610,112	625,555	657,412	644,394	918,782	1,113,697
317,931	305,817	321,093	581,614	694,798	757,647
49,101	248,574	329,525	63,368	106,787	138,228
1,507,152	1,726,393	1,516,556	1,703,790	1,535,711	1,541,750
573,425	514,527	601,325	629,735	692,595	658,746
20,438	28,922	13,562	17,892	16,137	11,926
1,423,453	1,677,527	1,570,171	1,575,075	1,830,963	1,522,193
544,902	607,345	554,295	652,338	705,637	734,678
448,230	344,887	408,367	246,830	296,739	389,984
1,994	4,416	0	0	0	0
553,134	603,909	699,024	709,644	869,190	873,348
54,691	003,909	099,024	09,044	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
463,049	460,474	591,781		751,048	
*	,		631,697	·	778,300
68,586	308,295	646,597	173,287	725,296	735,489
1,022,773	1,073,448	1,135,286	1,063,627	1,182,351	1,160,378
465,915	437,664	331,426	295,132	276,662	271,592
18,352,229	19,807,688	20,248,950	20,079,126	22,017,073	22,590,281
1,759,957	1,479,319	1,098,169	3,125,123	617,310	1,513,941
-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-, · · · , · · ·	-,-,0,20,	-,,	227,223	(Continued)
					(commuca)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	4,000
Insurance Proceeds	0	0	0	0
Refunding General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	0	0
Premium on General				
Obligation Refunding Bond	0	0	0	0
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	0	0	0
Other Financing Sources - Capital Leases	0	0	74,450	250,956
Transfers In	0	0	0	50,000
Transfers Out	0_	0	0	(50,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	74,450	254,956
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$196,156)	(\$1,060,722)	(\$1,496,596)	\$1,128,647
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	7.61%	7.81%	8.36%	8.21%

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
400	400	3,000	2,000	0	0
0	0	0	0	89,200	18,100
0	7,340,000	0	0	0	0
0	493,000	0	0	0	0
0	(7,688,354)	0	0	0	0
0	0	325,526	8,820	0	0
85,000	0	101,150	128,825	0	276,806
(85,000)	0	(101,150)	(128,825)	0	(28,559)
400	145,046	328,526	10,820	89,200	266,347
\$1,760,357	\$1,624,365	\$1,426,695	\$3,135,943	\$706,510	\$1,780,288
8.13%	7.70%	7.43%	6.83%	6.88%	6.57%

Assessed Valuations and Estimated True Values of Taxable Property Last Ten Calendar Years

Tax year	2010	2011	2012	2013
Real Property		·		
Assessed	\$243,524,570	\$246,409,720	\$248,432,630	\$248,446,390
Actual	695,784,486	704,027,771	709,807,514	709,846,829
Public Utility				
Assessed	6,265,120	6,342,490	6,675,260	7,976,040
Actual	6,265,120	6,342,490	6,675,260	7,976,040
Total				
Assessed	249,789,690	252,752,210	255,107,890	256,422,430
Actual	702,049,606	710,370,261	716,482,774	717,822,869
Assessed Value as a				
Percentage of Actual Value	35.58%	35.58%	35.61%	35.72%
Total Direct Tax Rate	\$55.62	\$55.70	\$53.85	\$61.75

Source: Licking County Auditor

* Reappraisal ** Update

Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

Assessed value of Real Property is at 35%, Assessed value of Public Utility is at 100%.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
**			*		
\$246,138,835	\$234,500,020	\$236,501,406	\$259,175,790	\$259,850,293	\$261,638,294
703,253,814	670,000,057	675,718,303	740,502,257	742,429,409	747,537,983
8,025,020	9,434,090	11,761,470	12,215,810	18,044,810	20,431,940
8,025,020	9,434,090	11,761,470	12,215,810	18,044,810	20,431,940
254,163,855	243,934,110	248,262,876	271,391,600	277,895,103	282,070,234
711,278,834	679,434,147	687,479,773	752,718,067	760,474,219	767,969,923
35.73%	35.90%	36.11%	36.05%	36.54%	36.73%
\$63.10	\$64.30	\$63.30	\$62.60	\$62.60	\$62.00

Property Tax Rates of Direct and Overlapping Governments (per \$1,000 of assessed value) Last Ten Calendar Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Direct District Rates				
General Fund	49.31	49.30	47.60	55.50
Bond Retirement Fund	5.11	5.20	5.05	5.05
Permanent Improvement Fund	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
Total	55.62	55.70	53.85	61.75
Overlapping Rates				
City of Heath	5.40	5.40	5.65	5.40
Career and Technical Education Center	2.52	2.54	2.48	2.56
Licking County	7.70	7.70	7.70	7.70
Licking County Library	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Licking County Park District	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25

Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.02 and 5705.07 require a vote of the people for any millage exceeding the "unvoted" or "inside" millage.

Source:

Licking County Auditor's Office Licking County Treasurer's Office

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
56.60	57.80	57.20	56.10	56.10	55.50
5.30	5.30	4.90	5.30	5.30	5.30
1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
63.10	64.30	63.30	62.60	62.60	62.00
5.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40
2.54	2.58	2.57	2.55	2.55	2.55
8.00	8.00	8.00	9.50	9.50	9.50
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25



Principal Taxpayers Real Estate Tax and Public Utilities Personal Property Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Calenda	Year 20	19
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value
Ohio Power Company	Utility Company - Electric	\$11,524,550	1	4.09%
Glimcher Properties Limited Partnership	Development	8,103,240	2	2.87%
AEP Ohio Transmission Co, Inc.	Utility Company - Electric	6,662,120	3	2.36%
Southgate Association Limited Partnership	Shopping Center	5,512,500	4	1.95%
Quest Heathwood Village LLC	Apartments	4,094,900	5	1.45%
Wal*Mart Stores, Inc.	Retail Store	3,308,240	6	1.17%
Kaiser Aluminum and	return store	2,200,210	-	1.17,0
Chemical Corporation	Aluminum Processing	2,646,250	7	0.94%
Heath-Newark-Licking	···	_, ,		312 173
County Port Authority	Real Estate - Leasing	2,640,190	8	0.94%
Cross Creek Limited Partnership	Shopping Center	2,555,000	9	0.91%
Glenwood Apartments LLC	Apartments	2,450,000	10	0.87%
Subtotal		49,496,990		17.55%
All Others		232,573,244		82.45%
Total		\$282,070,234		100.00%
	•	Calenda	r Year 20	10
		Carcinda	1 1 Cai 20	Percent of
				Total
		Assessed		Assessed
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Value	Rank	Value
Glimcher Properties Limited Partnership	Development	\$10,303,060	1	4.12%
Southgate Association Limited Partnership	Shopping Center	5,539,140	2	2.22%
Ohio Power Company	Utility Company - Electric	4,744,660	3	1.90%
Inland Western Heath Southgate LLC	Retail	4,075,370	4	1.63%
Chapel Grove Management Company	Apartments and Assisted Living	2,976,160	5	1.19%
Wal*Mart Stores, Inc.	Retail Store	2,792,340	6	1.12%
Heath-Newark-Licking County Port Authority Kaiser Aluminum and	Real Estate - Leasing	2,643,730	7	1.06%
Chemical Corporation	Aluminum Processing	2,427,780	8	0.97%
Lowe's	Retail	2,358,790	9	0.94%
H&D Holding Company	Nursing and Convalescent Home	2,018,490	10	0.81%
Subtotal	6	39,879,520		15.96%
All Others		209,910,170		84.04%
	•	\$249,789,690		

Source: Licking County Auditor - Land and Buildings Based on valuation of property in 2019 and 2010

Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

Collection Year	2010	2011	2012
Total Tax Levy	\$9,420,730	\$9,476,237	\$9,495,631
Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			
Current Tax Collections	8,385,220	9,196,764	9,149,588
Percent of Levy Collected	89.01%	97.05%	96.36%
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	336,522	336,523	96,940
Total Tax Collections	8,721,742	9,533,287	9,246,528
Percent of Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	92.58%	100.60%	97.38%
Accumulated Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	698,988	214,485	232,431
Percentage of Accumulated Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy	7.42%	2.26%	2.45%

Source: Licking County Auditor's Office
Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

⁽¹⁾ The County's current computer system is unable to track delinquent tax collections by tax year.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$9,003,974	\$10,960,686	\$11,119,757	\$11,551,120	\$11,419,479	\$12,048,452	\$12,409,906
8,709,214	10,649,259	10,812,156	11,223,676	11,188,024	11,870,917	12,227,045
96.73%	97.16%	97.23%	97.17%	97.97%	98.53%	98.53%
3,969	167,209	161,863	284,617	225,920	197,873	203,873
8,713,183	10,816,468	10,974,019	11,508,293	11,413,944	12,068,790	12,430,918
96.77%	98.68%	98.69%	99.63%	99.95%	100.17%	100.17%
183,748	190,554	125,628	120,889	153,338	174,622	162,162
2.04%	1.74%	1.13%	1.05%	1.34%	1.45%	1.31%

Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental Activities (1)		*		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$15,120,402	\$15,061,386	\$14,522,171	\$13,902,047
Capital Leases	120,833	69,131	64,732	301,989
Total Primary Government	\$15,241,235	\$15,130,517	\$14,586,903	\$14,204,036
Population (2)				
City of Heath	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310
Outstanding Debt Per Capita	1,478	1,468	1,415	1,378
Income (3)				
Personal (in thousands)	358,520	386,532	388,470	396,822
Percentage of Personal Income	4.25%	3.91%	3.75%	3.58%

^{*} Restated for Deferred Charge on Refunding

Sources:

- (1) District Treasurer's Office
- (2) US Bureau of Census of Population
- (3) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation based on previous calendar year

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$13,170,033	\$12,140,782	\$11,355,564	\$10,566,487	\$9,655,045	\$8,655,813
204,216	105,768	256,008	191,201	113,850	58,472
\$13,374,249	\$12,246,550	\$11,611,572	\$10,757,688	\$9,768,895	\$8,714,285
10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310
1,297	1,188	1,126	1,043	948	845
410,699	428,700	435,257	455,826	474,868	474,868
3.26%	2.86%	2.67%	2.36%	2.06%	1.84%

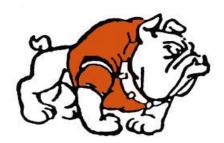
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014
Population (1)	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310
Assessed Value (2)	249,789,690	252,752,210	255,107,890	256,422,430
General Bonded Debt (3) General Obligation Bonds	15,120,402	15,061,386	14,522,171	13,902,047
Resources Available to Pay Principal (4)	1,031,216	1,103,745	1,042,575	1,049,893
Net General Bonded Debt	14,089,186	13,957,641	13,479,596	12,852,154
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	5.64%	5.52%	5.28%	5.01%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	1,366.56	1,353.80	1,307.43	1,246.57

Source:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) Licking County Auditor
- (3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes
- (4) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310
254,163,855	243,934,110	248,262,876	271,391,600	277,895,103	282,070,234
13,170,033	12,140,782	11,355,564	10,566,487	9,655,045	8,655,813
1,075,169	1,242,170	1,006,492	1,399,129	1,443,227	1,684,827
12,094,864	10,898,612	10,349,072	9,167,358	8,211,818	6,970,986
4.76%	4.47%	4.17%	3.38%	2.96%	2.47%
1,173.12	1,057.09	1,003.79	889.17	796.49	676.14



Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities June 30, 2020

Jurisdiction	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Heath City School District	Amount Applicable to Heath City School District
Direct:			
Heath City School District	\$8,714,285	100.00%	\$8,714,285
Overlapping:			
City of Heath	2,178,000	91.30%	1,988,514
Career and Technical Education Center	12,555,000	5.90%	740,745
Licking County	32,837,785	6.10%	2,003,105
		Subtotal	4,732,364
		Total	\$13,446,649

Source: Licking County and Fiscal Officers of Subdivision

Overlapping percentage was calculated by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by the subdivision's total assessed valuation.

Debt Limitations Last Ten Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Net Assessed Valuation	\$249,789,690	* \$252,752,210	\$255,107,890	\$256,422,430
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	22,481,072	22,747,699	22,959,710	23,078,019
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	15,120,402	15,061,386	14,522,171	13,902,047
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts (2)	(1,031,216)	(1,103,745)	(1,042,575)	(1,049,893)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	14,089,186	13,957,641	13,479,596	12,852,154
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$8,391,886	\$8,790,058	\$9,480,114	\$10,225,865
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	249,790	252,752	255,108	256,422
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	0	0	0	0
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$249,790	\$252,752	\$255,108	\$256,422
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	2,248,107	2,274,770	2,295,971	2,307,802
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	0	0	0	0
Unvoted Energy Conservation				
Loans Legal Debt Margin	\$2,248,107	\$2,274,770	\$2,295,971	\$2,307,802

^{*}Restated for Deferred Charge on Refunding

⁽¹⁾ Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt, 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt, and 9/10 of 1% for energy conservation debt.

⁽²⁾ Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$254,163,855	\$243,934,110	\$248,262,876	\$271,391,600	\$277,895,103	\$282,070,234
9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%
22,874,747	21,954,070	22,343,659	24,425,244	25,010,559	25,386,321
13,170,033	12,140,782	11,355,564	10,566,487	9,655,045	8,655,813
(1,075,169)	(1,242,170)	(1,006,492)	(1,399,129)	(1,443,227)	(1,443,227)
12,094,864	10,898,612	10,349,072	9,167,358	8,211,818	7,212,586
\$10,779,883	\$11,055,458	\$11,994,587	\$15,257,886	\$16,798,741	\$18,173,735
Ψ10,777,003	ψ11,033,430	ψ11,774,307	ψ13,237,000	Ψ10,770,741	Ψ10,173,733
0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%
254,164	243,934	248,263	271,392	277,895	282,070
0	0	0	0	0	0
\$254,164	\$243,934	\$248,263	\$271,392	\$277,895	\$282,070
	,			,	
0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
2,287,475	2,195,407	2,234,366	2,442,524	2,501,056	2,538,632
0	0	0	0	0	0
\$2,287,475	\$2,195,407	\$2,234,366	\$2,442,524	\$2,501,056	\$2,538,632

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Population (1)		_			
City of Heath	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310
Licking County	166,492	166,983	167,719	168,503	169,390
Income (2) (a)					
Total Personal (in thousands)	358,520	386,532	388,470	396,822	410,699
Per Capita	34,774	37,491	37,679	38,489	39,835
Unemployment Rate (3)					
Federal	9.6%	8.9%	8.1%	7.4%	6.2%
State	10.1%	8.6%	7.2%	7.4%	5.7%
Licking County	9.5%	8.0%	6.5%	6.9%	5.1%
Fiscal Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
School Enrollment (4)					
Grades K - 2	359	347	353	359	393
Grades 3 - 5	401	381	379	382	398
Grades 6 - 8	457	419	408	388	406
Grades 9 - 12	458	455	477	505	486
JVS	55	56	55	48	65
Total	1,730	1,658	1,672	1,682	1,748

Sources:

- (1) US Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County (2019 not available), Total Personal Income is a calculation
- (3) State Department of Labor Statistics
- (4) District Treasurer's Office

Note: In FY 18, all years of School Enrollment were restated using ODE October headcounts.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
2010	2010		2010	2017
10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310
170,570	172,198	173,448	175,769	175,769
,	,	,	,	,
428,700	435,257	455,826	474,868	474,868
41,581	42,217	44,212	46,059	46,059
5.3%	4.9%	4.4%	3.9%	3.7%
4.9%	4.9%	5.0%	4.6%	4.1%
4.4%	4.3%	4.2%	4.0%	3.7%
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
397	376	382	394	404
410	418	403	385	397
396	385	405	421	423
479	489	497	408	408
70	56	65	77	79
1,752	1,724	1,752	1,685	1,711



Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank
Central Ohio Aerospace & Technology Center	Manufacturing	866	1
Super Wal-Mart Stores	Retail Sales	516	2
Heath City Schools	Education	317	3
JLH Automotive	Retail Sales	311	4
The Laurels of Heath	Health Care	284	5
Lowe's Home Center	Retail Sales	262	6
Kroger	Retail Sales	260	7
Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Co	Manufacturing	232	8
Englefield Oil	Petroleum Products	214	9
Mathews Ford	Retail Sales	165	10
Total		3,427	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank
Central Ohio Aerospace & Technology Center	Manufacturing	971	1
Super Wal-Mart Stores	Retail Sales	430	2
Arvin/Meritor	Manufacturing	364	3
Heath City Schools	Education	295	4
Heath Nursing Home	Health Care	281	5
Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Co.	Manufacturing	263	6
Lowes Home Center	Retail Sales	185	7
JHL Automotive	Retail Sales	168	8
Sears	Retail Sales	138	9
Englefield Oil	Petroleum Products	136	10
Total		3,231	

Sources: City of Heath. Presented on a calendar year basis because

that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the City.

Information for total City employment is not available.

School District Employees by Type Last Ten Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Supervisory					
Instructional Administrators	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Noninstructional Administrators	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	6.00
Principals	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Assistant Principals	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00
Instruction					
Classroom Teachers	104.00	102.00	100.00	104.00	97.50
Student Services					
Guidance Counselors	3.50	2.50	1.00	1.00	1.00
Psychologists and Health Staff	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00
Librarians	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Support Services					
Clerical/Bookkeeping	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Tutors/Aides	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	14.00
Food Service	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	11.00
Maintenance/Grounds	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Transportation	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	13.00
Total Employees	170.50	167.50	162.00	167.00	172.50

Method: The District began using EMIS staffing submissions as its source data in FY 18, and as such, restated the statistics from FY 15 through FY 18 using available historical data. Staffing counts reflect current positions at the time of submission of the final CK staff employment record for the fiscal year. In addition, the figures represent only regular positions and exclude temporary or supplemental positions. FTEs are defined as the District's definition of a full-time equivalent for that particular position. For example, some positions are considered to be full-time at 6 hours per day (ex. Cooks), while others might be 7.25 hours per day (ex. Teachers). Staffing figures exclude any positions with less than 3 hours per day.

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.00
4.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
94.50	89.75	96.25	100.50	103.60
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00
2.00	2.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
10.00	11.50	12.00	11.00	11.00
14.50	12.00	10.00	9.50	10.40
11.00	9.00	10.00	9.50	8.00
9.00	9.00	9.00	9.50	8.50
11.00	13.00	12.00	10.00	12.00
167.00	160.25	170.25	173.00	177.50

Operating Indicators - Cost per Pupil Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2011	2012	2013	2014
Enrollment	1,730	1,658	1,672	1,682
Modified Accrual Basis				
Operating Expenditures	17,599,205	17,436,731	17,694,748	17,414,789
Cost per Pupil	10,173	10,517	10,583	10,354
Percentage of Change	(0.8%)	3.4%	0.6%	(2.2%)
Accrual Basis (1)				
Expenses	17,108,447	16,713,393	16,839,524	16,585,008
Cost per Pupil	9,889	10,080	10,071	9,860
Percentage of Change	(1.26%)	1.93%	(0.09%)	(2.10%)
Teaching Staff	104	93	94	100

⁽¹⁾ Expenses exclude interest and fiscal charges

Source: District Treasurer's Office and Ohio Department of Education

Note: In FY 18, all years of Enrollment were restated using ODE October headcounts.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1,748	1,752	1,724	1,752	1,685	1,711
18,352,229 10,499 1.4%	19,807,688 11,306 7.7%	20,248,950 11,745 3.9%	20,079,126 11,461 (2.4%)	22,017,073 13,067 14.0%	22,590,281 13,203 1.0%
17,415,686 9,963 1.04%	18,853,713 10,761 8.01%	19,635,128 11,389 5.84%	12,122,616 6,919 (39.25%)	19,172,413 11,378 64.44%	22,632,001 13,227 16.25%
97.50	94.50	89.75	96.25	100.50	103.60

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

2011	2012	2013	2014
	_	_	
1,652	1,597	1,614	1,641
122	116	112	117
6.7%	7.0%	7.1%	7.2%
12	12	12	12
95.40%	96.40%	96.20%	96.80%
2,114	2,116	2,355	2,367
2,266	2,242	2,385	2,288
291,068	291,068	291,068	291,068
11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2
1,195	1,162	1,169	1,181
901	901	899	900
16	16	16	16
146,579	145,932	142,972	141,109
41%	46%	47%	47%
17	17	17	17
	1,652 122 6.7% 12 95.40% 2,114 2,266 291,068 11.2 1,195 901 16	1,652 1,597 122 116 6.7% 7.0% 12 12 95.40% 96.40% 2,114 2,116 2,266 2,242 291,068 291,068 11.2 11.2 1,195 1,162 901 901 16 16 146,579 145,932 41% 46%	1,652 1,597 1,614 122 116 112 6.7% 7.0% 7.1% 12 12 12 95.40% 96.40% 96.20% 2,114 2,116 2,355 2,266 2,242 2,385 291,068 291,068 291,068 11.2 11.2 11.2 1,195 1,162 1,169 901 901 899 16 16 16 146,579 145,932 142,972 41% 46% 47%

Source: District Treasurer's Office

⁽¹⁾ Food Service operation statistics began using the point of sale system reports in FY 2018 and restated statistics for FY 2017 for comparison purposes. FY 2020 reflects that in person classes were not conducted due to state mandated closures due to COVID-19. Free lunches were delivered and available from March through June 2020.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1,735	1,718	1,712	1,752	1,685	1,711
133	137	108	106	115	131
7.2%	7.2%	11.5%	13.8%	12.2%	15.0%
12	12	12	12	12	12
96.70%	96.80%	94.90%	94.00%	94.30%	95.30%
2,241	2,287	2,416	2,420	1,940	1,655
2,318	2,302	2,249	2,114	2,443	1,918
291,068	291,068	291,068	291,068	291,068	291,068
11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2
1,188	1,188	885	886	845	848
901	901	581	533	534	547
16	16	17	16	15	15
140.070	141 170	124.220	104.546	1.10.612	126.054
140,972	141,172	134,229	134,746	140,613	126,854
48%	49%	63%	57%	55%	60%
17	17	21	22	23	23

Operating Indicators - Teacher Base Salaries Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Minimum Salary	33,286	33,286	33,286	34,118	34,800
Maximum Salary	71,565	71,565	71,565	73,354	74,820
District Average Salary	54,823	54,334	54,057	52,671	51,776
State Average Salary (1)	56,715	56,715	56,307	55,913	55,242

Source: District Treasurer's Office and Ohio Department of Education

Operating Indicators - Teacher by Education Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Bachelor's Degree	7	6	6	27	26
Bachelor + 15 (1)	16	9	9	0	0
Master's Degree	56	57	56	64	67
Master's Degree + 15 (1)	12	9	9	0	0
Master's Degree + 30	13	12	12	9	9
Total	104	93	92	100	102

Source: District Treasurer's Office

Note: Teachers by Education counts are headcounts, while staffing levels are FTEs. Furthermore, this schedule reflects all staff paid on the teaching salary schedules, which includes some individuals with differing functional titles (ex. Guidance)

N/A means not available at the time this report was prepared

⁽¹⁾ In 2014, the Bachelor's + 15 and Master's + 15 were removed per negotiations.

⁽²⁾ Ohio Department of Education

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
35,148	35,148	35,851	36,568	37,299
75,568	77,326	78,872	80,450	82,058
52,446	52,535	55,769	53,490	60,284
57,154	58,849	58,186	60,399	$N \setminus A$

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
23	34	30	33	32
0	0	0	0	0
72	57	59	61	64
0	0	0	0	0
9	9	12	10	10
104	100	101	104	106

Capital Asset Statistics by Building Last Ten Years

2011	2012	2013	2014
124,740	124,740	124,740	124,740
600	600	600	600
513	511	532	553
67,197	67,197	67,197	67,197
450	450	450	450
457	419	408	388
44,437	44,437	44,437	44,437
450	450	450	450
401	381	379	382
44,112	44,112	44,112	44,112
450	450	450	450
359	347	353	359
2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400
14	14	14	14
13	13	13	12
10.800	10.800	10.800	10,800
16	16	16	16
	124,740 600 513 67,197 450 457 44,437 450 401 44,112 450 359 2,400 14 13	124,740	124,740 124,740 124,740 600 600 600 513 511 532 67,197 67,197 67,197 450 450 450 457 419 408 44,437 44,437 44,437 450 450 450 401 381 379 44,112 44,112 44,112 450 450 450 359 347 353 2,400 2,400 2,400 14 14 14 13 13 13 10,800 10,800 10,800

Source: District Treasurer's Office

Note: In FY 18, all years of School Enrollment were restated using ODE October headcounts.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
124,740	124,740	124,700	124,700	124,700	124,700
600	600	600	600	600	600
551	549	545	562	485	487
67,197	67,197	67,197	67,197	67,197	67,197
450	450	450	450	450	450
406	396	385	405	421	423
44,437	44,437	44,437	44,437	44,437	44,437
450	450	450	450	450	450
398	410	418	403	385	397
44,112	44,112	44,112	44,112	44,112	44,112
450	450	450	450	450	450
393	397	376	382	394	404
2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400
14	14	14	14	14	14
13	13	13	13	13	13
10,800	10,800	10,800	10,800	10,800	10,800
16	16	17	16	15	15

Educational and Operating Statistics Last Ten Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
ACT Scores (Average)					
Heath	21.9	21.8	21.7	21.8	21.9
Ohio	21.7	21.6	21.7	21.7	21.7
National	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.4	21.4
Cost per Student (ODE)					
Heath	10,677	9,136	10,961	8,603	8,225
Ohio (Average) (1)	10,571	10,508	10,149	9,536	9,904
Attendance Rate					
Heath	95.40%	95.60%	94.80%	96.70%	94.90%
Ohio (Average)	94.50%	94.50%	94.20%	94.30%	94.10%
Graduation Rate (2)					
Heath	96.50%	93.80%	93.30%	91.70%	96.90%
Ohio (Average)	83.30%	81.30%	82.20%	82.30%	83.00%

Source:

District's Student Records and Ohio Department of Education

- (1) ODE calculation is not based on GAAP financial reports. Beginning in 2014, Cost per Student is based on Equivalent Pupil.
- (2) The 2020 figures were not yet available.
- (a) Beginning with FY12, the Graduation rates from ODE are calculated using a method required by federal law that tracks students when they transfer from school to school- Longitudinal Graduation 4 Year Rate.

N/A - Not Available

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
21.9	21.3	18.3	18.5	19.1
21.7	22.0	20.3	20.0	19.2
21.4	21.0	20.8	20.7	20.6
8,978	9,480	8,335	8,914	8,654
9,837	10,445	9,353	9,724	9,883
9,037	10,443	9,333	9,724	9,003
94.90%	94.90%	94.00%	94.30%	95.30%
94.10%	93.90%	93.70%	93.50%	N/A
02.4004	0.0004	00.000	02.2004	0.2.2004
92.40%	92.80%	90.80%	93.30%	93.30%
83.50%	84.10%	85.30%	85.90%	85.90%

